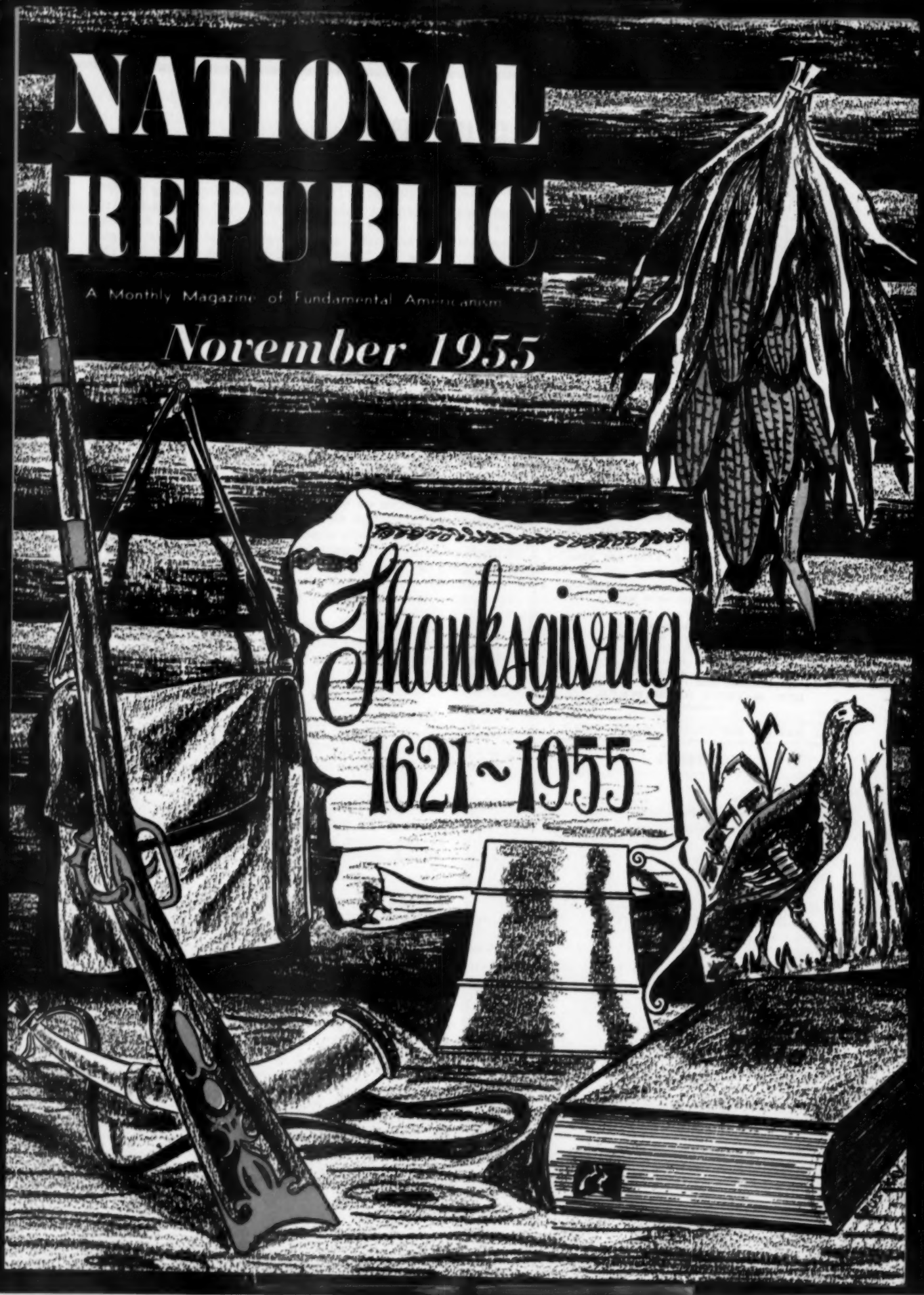
NATIONAL REPUBLIC

A Monthly Magazine of Fundamental Americanism

November 1955



NATIONAL REPUBLIC
A Magazine of Fundamental Americanism

"LET US RAISE A STANDARD TO WHICH THE WISE AND THE HONEST MAY REPAIR."
—WASHINGTON.

"THAT GOVERNMENT OF THE PEOPLE, BY THE PEOPLE, FOR THE PEOPLE, SHALL NOT PERISH FROM THE EARTH."—LINCOLN.

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WALTER S. STEELE,
Editor and General Manager
IRA E. BENNETT,
Managing Editor
DR. ROSCOE J. C. DORSEY,
Vice-President and General Counsel
HON. MAURICE H. THATCHER,
Counsel

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FEATURED *in this issue . . .*

AN INSPIRING INSIGHT into the impending miracles of the new atomic revolution is given by Lawrence Sullivan in his article (p. 1) on "Atoms for Peace." It is not mere speculation that now spurs invention and science to gain new blessings for humanity—it is tested knowledge that mankind at last can be master of unlimited power. With this power he can conquer space, weight, weather, and the toil that bends him to earth. Now, if he has sense enough to avoid world war, he can be as potent as the ancient gods. Mr. Sullivan's unique experience qualifies him for furnishing information on his chosen theme.

THANKSGIVING DAY, a purely American institution, comes down from the Pilgrims and is well described by George W. Grupp in his résumé (p. 3) of the history of those times. The celebration honors the American spirit in thanking God for His guardianship of the United States.

FAILURE OF THE GREAT POWERS to compose their differences in Europe and the Far East is discussed by Ira E. Bennett (p. 5), who concludes that the Soviet Union intends to carry on its profitable cold war. The danger of an explosion between Israel and Egypt hangs over both continents.

HON. JOHN V. BEAMER, member of Congress from Indiana, tells how his home town of Wabash was the first in America to be lighted by electricity (p. 7) and how time has wrought many changes.

REV. AUGUST W. BRUSTAT gives figures (p. 13) revealing the atrocities of Communists against Christians. It is a truthful recital of horrors which freeze the blood of all believers in religion.

A LONE WOMAN toils and travels through Indonesia, carrying the gospel of Americanism. She is Miss Myrtle Thorne, whose heroism and fortitude are eloquently told by Alice A. Dunnigan (p. 15).

JUDGE JOSEPH L. CALL of Los Angeles contributes a crushing attack upon the conspiracy to destroy American independence by "world federation." His quotation of Jefferson's reference to the degeneracy of monarchs deserves note (p. 17).

THE REDS lost no time in resorting to motion pictures for propaganda purposes. Barry Storm (p. 19) sounds the alert by citing his own costly experience with propaganda conspirators.

JO HINDMAN, a valued contributor, reveals the duplicity of Ford Foundation bosses (p. 21) in financing the fake "American Heritage" project.

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NATIONAL REPUBLIC

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ATOMS FOR PEACE

By LAWRENCE SULLIVAN

Coordinator of Information
U. S. House of Representatives

PEACEFUL application of atomic power has moved forward so swiftly during the last two years that folks outside the laboratories scarcely can measure the range and scope of our Twentieth Century industrial revolution.

Atomic power was first fed into a public utility distribution system at West Milton, New York, on July 18, 1955.

The Navy has two atomic-powered submarines afloat, and two more being built.

Drafting-board models of an atomic airplane engine are under study by the military.

An atomic locomotive, for general railroad service, already is in design.

Atomic power for everyday household use marks an historical development comparable, in economic and social significance, to the perfection of the steam engine by James Watt in 1765 or Michael Faraday's invention of the electric dynamo in 1831.

Watt opened the historic era of the Industrial Revolution—the application of steam power to replace grinding, sweat-of-thy-brow labor.

Faraday's dynamo soon hitched the steam engine to far-flung power networks, again expanding industry ten-fold in a single generation.

Today, atomic power introduces a third era, of even greater promise in lifting the burdens of human toil—transporting, processing, refining—a new energy source to broaden the horizons of freedom for all mankind.

The Atomic Revolution is not coming—it is *here*!

Through ten years following 1942, the world thought of atomic power as an instrument of dreadful destruction.

But the blinding flash which delivers an earthquaking explosion also will produce, when scientifically harnessed, a steady flow of useful heat-energy. The heat which formerly went off in the mushroom cloud of the explosion now is consumed gradually to make steam, which, in turn, revolves the electric dynamo to deliver peacetime power.

All of this has happened since approval of the new Atomic Energy Act of 1954, which authorized for the first time the licensed participation of industry in atomic power development. Free enterprise now has a part in the new age—just as it had a part years ago in the development of the railroad, the automobile, the airplane, the radio, and TV.

* * * *

The submarine *Nautilus*, launched in April 1954, demonstrated for the first time the practical application of atomic power for electrical propulsion. The specifications and dimensions of the *Nautilus*, of course, are carefully guarded military secrets. But she does have vastly more power and range than the conventional submarine. And the *Nautilus* power plant already has demonstrated the practicability of building individual power units on land producing up to 200,000 kilowatts of electrical energy—sufficient to supply a city of 250,000 population. The largest conventional type dynamo in use today produces only 150,000 kilowatts.

To measure the economic and social impact of atomic power, one must bear in mind that the atomic reactor, or furnace, is merely the heat plant. Instead of using coal for fuel, it consumes plutonium, or some other fissionable material. When power is produced from atomic reactor heat, no coal is required, no fuel oil, no gas. At present, electrical and gas utilities consume about one-fourth of our total coal production.

Because our first knowledge of atomic power came from the bomb, business men generally have been slow to grasp the significance of this new energy source. John Jay Hopkins, president of General Dynamics Corporation, builder of the *Nautilus*, compares the present situation with humanity's first knowledge of fire.

"Fire was dangerous, too, when it was first dis-

Lawrence Sullivan

covered. It was probably considered very destructive until men learned how to strike it from flint when they wanted to, and how to warm their hands over it, and how to extinguish it. How it could be used for cooking came much later. Atomic energy is in about the same phase of general knowledge today. Of course it's dangerous. But we know how to handle it, control it, and from now on, atomic energy must be harnessed and put to work. . . . I believe that the beneficient uses of this great power—this God-given fundamental power—what you might call God Himself in action—can be explained to the people. They can be told how it has the potential of bringing blessings to everybody on this planet."

* * * *

The first international conference on peacetime applications of atomic energy was held in Geneva, Switzerland, August 8-20, 1955, under the auspices of the United Nations. Seventy-two nations were represented. This conference pooled all the world's experience in atomic energy since 1941, and charted the prospective needs of all power-deficient nations on a growth curve projected fifty years into the future. Plans for a permanent international clearing-house for atom technology were high on the Geneva agenda.

Great Britain is regarded in scientific circles as probably ahead of the U. S. in the development of efficient atom furnaces for industrial application. This has been accomplished largely through the work of the British Nuclear Energy Conference, which brings together all the scientific and engineering groups interested in power development. In America, on the other hand, all this work has been limited by controls of the Atomic Energy Commission, and the Congressional Joint Committee on Atomic Energy.

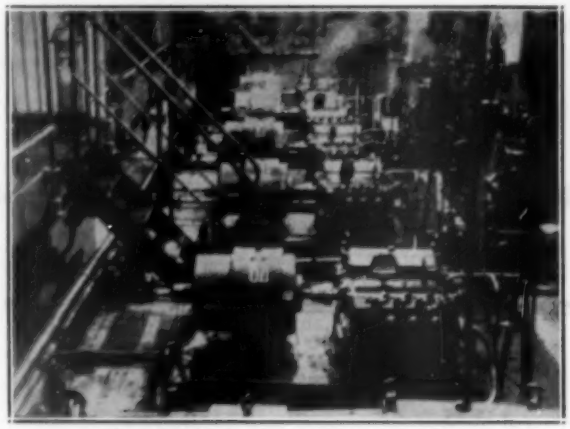
Within ten years, say leaders in the British research program, Great Britain expects to supply the bulk of her domestic electric power from atomic stations. The urgency of the program in Britain is underscored by the approaching depletion of coal supplies, and rapidly diminishing oil resources within the Empire.

Beginning with 50,000 kilowatts of atomic electricity to be fed into the national grid system in 1957, the British program calls for the replacement of 40,000,000 tons of coal annually by 1970.

The original capital cost of the British stations is roundly $336 per kilowatt installed, which compares with an average of about $250 per kilowatt derived from recent U. S. experiments. Conventional coal plants now cost about $130 per kilowatt installed.

France is spending $100,000,000 a year on Nuclear power development.

Sweden already is planning a 20,000 kilowatt atom power plant near Stockholm.



An Atomic Energy Electric Light Plant

Australia, Japan, and Norway likewise have great projects under construction.

Although actual production of atomic fuels is secret, reputable authorities estimate the non-Communist world now produces approximately 10,000 tons of metallic uranium a year—sufficient to refine 60 to 70 tons of fissionable U-235, the primary atomic furnace fuel.

A recent survey by the Organization for European Economic Cooperation, estimates that in fifteen to twenty years the Continent will produce sufficient power for all needs. An all-Europe grid system is planned to shunt surplus power to peak-load shortage areas.

* * * *

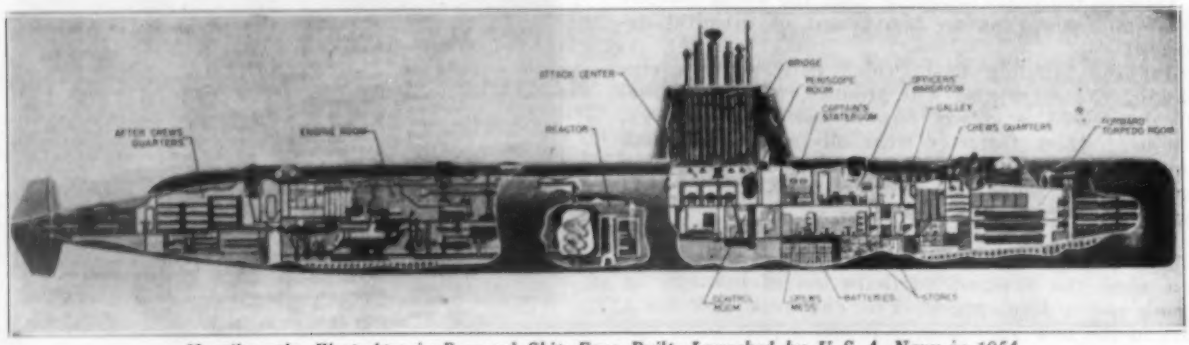
The problems of rapid growth limit peacetime atomic development in virtually every field today—power, medicine, agriculture, and metallurgy. Our technical education plant cannot begin to supply current demand for trained skills in the field of nuclear technology. Without an increased flow of management engineers soundly grounded in nuclear technology, the whole broad march of the atoms-for-peace movement may be slowed to a crawl.

This problem was first on the agenda of the Atomic Industrial Forum, which set up the Atomic Trade Fair in Washington, D. C. in September. And it will be a top item on the agenda of the Atomic Exposition scheduled for Cleveland, Ohio, December 12-16, under the auspices of the Nuclear Engineering and Science Congress.

* * * *

The United States Government, as of June 1955, had invested roundly $14-billions on atomic plants

(See ATOMS FOR PEACE *Page 8)*



Nautilus, the First Atomic Powered Ship Ever Built, Launched by U.S.A. Navy in 1954

THANKSGIVING, AN AMERICAN TRADITION

By GEORGE W. GRUPP

THANKSGIVING—the act of expressing gratitude and thanks to God is as old as the history of man. But, Thanksgiving Day—the act of setting apart a day each year for a nation to give thanks for divine blessings and mercies—is purely an American institution.

Bishop Edwin H. Hughes once wrote: "Take out of our land what has come into it because of the God-fearing spirit of our people, and you mutilate a splendid history and leave a poor and barren substitute. You dry up, even if you do not foul, the spring of our national life. Leave out God and you have no *Mayflower* to launch."

Yes, Thanksgiving Day was born out of the stress of Plymouth Colony in 1621; and it became nationalized out of the stress of the Civil War in 1864.

The first winter (1620-1621) of the Pilgrims in Plymouth Colony was one not only filled with the possible risk of attack and extermination by the Nausites and other Indians, but it was also beset with great hardships due to an inadequate supply of food and proper shelter which caused a heavy toll of illness and death.

When the hardships were followed (in the summer of 1621) by an abundance of crops, a restoration to health of many who were ill, and their lives had been spared by the friendly attitude of Sachem Massasoyt, Quadequina, Sqanto and other Indians, it was natural for Governor William Bradford to recommend to the God-fearing people of Plymouth Colony that an autumn day of 1621 be set apart for the purpose of giving thanks to God for His blessings and mercies—the first Thanksgiving Day in American history.

No formal proclamation was issued by Governor Bradford. This first Thanksgiving Day was religious in character, followed by several days of sports with Chief Massasoyt and ninety of his tribesmen as participants.

The sports were interrupted only by feasts of wild turkey, venison, corn bread and other tasty, simple but wholesome food prepared by Mary Brewster, Priscilla Mullins, Suanna White and other women of Plymouth Colony.

Outdoors, under a warm autumn sun whose brilliance made the oak, elm and maple leaves turn the wilderness into a fairyland of colors, the 50 survivors of the 102 original *Mayflower* Pilgrims sang hymns of praise, listened attentively as Governor Bradford delivered himself of a short address on the bounties of God, and then bowed their heads as William Brewster, the founder and leader of the dissenting group around Scrooby, England, and Samuel Fuller, the Colony's deacon and physician, lifted their voices and gave thanks to God for blessing them with abundant crops.

More than that, they expressed gratitude to God for their lives. How deeply they felt about this can be gleaned from a letter written by Edward Winslow to a friend in England, which in part reads:

"Yea, it has pleased God so to possess the Indians with a fear of us and love unto us that not only the greatest King amongst them, Massasoyt, but also the Princes and people round about us to have either made suit unto us or been glad of any occassion to make peace with us. . . . We entertain them familiarly in our houses; and they, as friendly, bestowing their venison on us."

Out of the simple festival, celebrated by 140 Pilgrims and Indians in 1621, has grown our national Thanksgiving Day.

The earliest known and extant formal Thanksgiving Proclamation was issued on June 20, 1676, by the Council of Charlestown, Mass., which designated June 29, 1676, as Thanksgiving Day.

This document which is in the possession of the Massachusetts Historical Society, Boston, Mass., and which is unfamiliar to the average American is transcribed here:

"The Holy God having by a long and continued series of his affective dispensations in and by the present War with the Heathen Natives of this land, written and brought to pass bitter things against his own Covenant people in this wilderness, yet so that we evidently discern that in the midst of his judgments he hath recommended mercy, having remembered his Footstool in the day of his sore displeasure against us for our sins, with many singular Intimations of his Fatherly Compassion and regard; reserving many of our Towns from Desolation Threatened, and attempted by the Enemy, and giving us especially of late with our Confederates many signal advantages against them, without such advantages to ourselves as formerly we have been sensible of, if it be of the Lords Mercies that we are not consumed. It certainly bespeaks one positive Thankfulness, when our Enemies are in any measure disappointed or destroyed; and fearing the Lord should take notice under so many Intimations of his returning mercy, we should be found an Insensible people, as not standing before

By Permission of Ladies Home Journal

The First Thanksgiving Dinner, with Portraits of the Pilgrim Fathers

Him with Thanksgiving as well as lading him with our Complaints in the time of pressing Afflictions:

"The Council have thought meet to appoint and set apart the 29th this instant June, as a day of Solemn Thanksgiving and praise God for such his goodness and Favour, many particulars of which mercy might be Instanced, but we doubt not those who are sensible of Gods Afflictions, have been diligent to espy Him returning to us; and that the Lord may behold us as a People offering praise and thereby glorifying Him: The Council doth Commend it to the Respective Ministers, Elders and people of this jurisdiction; Solemnly and seriously to keep same. Beseeching that being persawded by the mercies of God we may all, even this whole People offer up our bodies and souls as a living and Acceptable service unto God by Jesus Christ.

"By the Council,, Edward Rawson, Secr. June 20, 1676."

A hundred years later, as a result of the defeat of Burgoyne at Saratoga, the Continental Congress passed a resolution on October 31, 1777, to appoint a committee to recommend "to the several states, to set apart a day of thanksgiving, for the signal success, lately obtained over the enemies of these United States."

SAMUEL ADAMS of Massachusetts, Richard Henry Lee of Virgina, and Daniel Roberdeau of Pennsylvania were the members of this committee. On November 1, 1777, they presented to the Continental Congress a reverential report in which they selected December 18, 1777, as the first Continental Thanksgiving Day.

The spirit of the times can be gleaned from this abstract from the report: "Forasmuch as it is the indispensible duty of all men to adore the supenintending providence of Almighty God; to acknowledge with gratitude their obligation to Him for benefits received, and to implore such further blessings as they stand in need of; and it having pleased Him in his abundant mercy not only to continue to us the innumerable bounties of his common providence . . . it is therefore recommended to the legislative or executive powers of these United States, to set apart Thursday, the 18th of December next, for solemn thanksgiving and praise; that with one heart and one voice the good people may express grateful feelings of their hearts, and consecrate themselves to the service of their divine benefactor."

After the Constitution had been adopted, and George Washington had been elected President of the United States, on September 25, 1789, a resolution was presented to the first U. S. Congress which provided "that a joint Committee of both Houses be appointed to wait on the President of the United States to request that he should recommend to the people of the United States a day of public thanksgiving and prayer, to be observed, by acknowledging, with grateful hearts, the many and signal favors of the Almighty God, especially by affording them an opportunity peacefully to establish a constitution of government for their safety and happiness."

At least two Congressmen were opposed to this resolution. Representative Aedanus Burke of South Carolina declared the resolution would cause us "to mimick European customs when they made a mere mockery of Thanksgiving." And Representative Thomas Tudor Tucker, also of South Carolina, in part expressed himself this way: "Why should the President tell the people to do something they might not have a mind to do? . . . How do we know the people are thankful for a constitution?"

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Plymouth in 1621, as It Looked on the First Thanksgiving Day

Representative Elias Boudinot of New Jersey replied that he was "sorry to hear arguments drawn from abuse of a good thing, against the use of it." And Representative Roger Sherman of Connecticut defended the resolution by pointing out, among other things, that it was "warranted by a number of precedents in Holy Writ; for instance, the solemn thanksgiving and rejoices which took place in the time of Solomon, after the building of the Temple."

After the resolution was passed by both Houses of Congress, Representatives Elias Boudinot of New Jersey, Roger Sherman of Connecticut and Peter Silvester of New York, and Senators William S. Johnson of Connecticut and Ralph Izard of South Carolina presented the resolution to President Washington.

Washington, in turn, on October 3, 1789, issued the first presidential national thanksgiving proclamation, and selected Thursday, November 26, 1789, as the first Thanksgiving Day under the Constitution.

For some mysterious reason this first presidential thanksgiving proclamation never reached the State Department for filing. It was lost for 122 years. Then in January 1921 it was offered as an item in a private collection up for auction at the American Art Galleries in New York City. At this sale the United States Government bought this historic document for $42,000 and then deposited it in the Library of Congress for safekeeping.

LOVE OF COUNTRY IS NO SIN

We have heard so much about nationalism in recent years. Siren voices have sung to us about the so-called glories of one world; internationalists would have us forget our nationalism, as if it were something shameful to assert and to be proud of our identity.

That is what some of these global "liberals" want us to do on a world scale. And it serves their purpose, of course, to bring nationalism into disrepute and to make patriotism seem old-fashioned.

Yes, indeed, nationalism may run to excess, to greed, and the desire for domination of other peoples, as Mr. Hoover recognizes, or . . . **"it can bring a thousand blessings that flow from the freedom of nations and men."**

Love of God, love of family, love of country—these are yet the unshakable ideals upon which our country stands in strength. Those who would attack them as old-fashioned would as readily disparage the Ten Commandments for the same reason.

—New York Mirror

THE COLD WAR CONTINUES

By IRA E. BENNETT

AGAIN the spokesmen of the world's powers are at Geneva, attacking the interminable problem of world peace. On all sides it is silently agreed that this problem shall not be labeled "hopeless," since each side gropes about for some advantage in the drawn-out proceedings. It is, in fact, but another facet of the cold war. Logically the cold war must end sometime, either by peace or by the slaughter of nations. Since peace is unattainable, the parties tacitly agree to carry on the cold war in order to avoid slaughter.

Men of good will and undoubted sincerity cling to the idea that peace may be found in a disarmament agreement. They refuse to take full account of the obstacles in the way of inspection. It is well that President Eisenhower has not committed himself to the territorial inspection proposal of Premier Bulganin. Complete inspection on either side would require thousands of skilled snoopers and would inevitably lead to numerous "incidents" of an inflammable nature that result in war. The American people are suspicious of the Reds, whether the latter are in the Red army or not, and popular opposition probably would prevent Soviet swarms from roaming about in any American State or possession. Similarly, distrust of Americans in Russia probably would frustrate complete inspection, even if remoteness and climatic conditions did not imped the Yankee inspectors. Russia is of vast extent, in which the natives might easily conceal important depots, plants or stockpiles, thus making inspection efforts useless.

In commenting upon the Bulganin proposal for exchange of control posts for inspection, Editor Walter S. Steele in his role as reporter for NATIONAL REPUBLIC readers made these cogent points:

"We must also realize that in Russia there is no Fifth Column to augment any possible American Agent conspiracies, while Russia operates a Fifth Column in the United States which could conspire with agents of the Soviet Union. The question which must now be answered is: 'Who would police the Russian control posts in the U. S. A. and would they be protected by diplomatic immunity or subject to American laws?'

"Russia has now placed itself in a position where the armed forces of her satellites are not only her protective or defensive force, but also her aggressive force. Her offer of policing does not include our policing East Germany, Poland, Czechoslovakia, Rumania, Bulgaria, Hungary and Red China. Under the control post plan Russia would be in a position to give China a break in the event she struck against Nationalist China, Korea, Japan and other Asiatic countries, and also be in a position to sabotage any efforts we might make to aid the Asiatic or European countries."

As for reliance upon blueprints, the lack of good faith on the part of the Communists destroys the recourse proposed by Bulganin. Good faith, in fact, underlies the whole problem of disarmament, under any plan whether inspection or agreement to disarm. Americans know that Soviet Russia has made enormous territorial gains during the cold war and does not intend to abandon the policy of bad faith so long as it profits them. By lies, forgery, false impersonation, sabotage, propaganda, concealment and other crimes the Reds have won far more than they could have won ten years ago by war. This does not imply that they could not now make great gains by war. They have added enormously to their war potential through allied indifference and ignorance.

Allied indifference continues. It cripples the effectiveness of NATO, the backbone of European defense. The governments subject to attack are not sufficiently interested in their own survival to combine in a mutual defense. This outstanding defect is making its mark on Congress, which is very likely to strike out foreign aid appropriations next year unless the European lassitude disappears.

Allied ignorance displays itself by failure to comprehend the scope of the conflict between freedom and slavery. The free world advertises to the enemy its shortcomings in preparing for defense while there is time for defense, and at the same time boasts of its superiority over Soviet strength. It does not yet know fully the nature or strength of its adversary. It ignores the enemy's penetration of North Africa, which spells disaster to France. It tries to wave aside the forthcoming clash between Israel and the Arab bloc, in which Soviet Russia will gain much unless the allies wake up. The same dangers, if not greater, lurk in the Far East. A shooting war in the Near East, no doubt would be accompanied by an all out drive in the Far East, and especially on West Germany, thereby splitting American power. The faltering of the allies, while due mostly to European weakness, is made worse, of course, by the sudden absence of President Eisenhower's powerful influence. Secretary Dulles now faces unexpected proposals or turns of policy while lacking full authority to dispose of them. In July Mr. Eisenhower personified the

Belly Dancer Helps Egyptians Raise $1,441,250 in First Day of Hat Passing for Funds to Buy Arms from Red Czechoslovakia.

world's march toward better times, perhaps toward peace; in October he is perforce silent.

Efforts are made by the two greatest adversaries to measure each other's strength and war plans, while concealing their own. Gen. Gruenther, commanding NATO, speaks frankly of the growing inadequacy of his forces: "At best they could cover less than half the front between the Alps and the Baltic. They have never been brought up to the strength planned three years ago. Their numbers are now declining."

NATO, however, could deliver heavy blows by air, not counting atomic bombs. The superiority of Russian manpower at Europe's frontiers could be partially offset by allied air warfare, it is believed.

Popular reports and estimates give the palm to Red China for superiority in man-power, placing it at 9 millions. Soviet Russia comes next, with 6 million 500 thousand men under arms.

Varying estimates are made as to the total millions of men under arms in Soviet satellite nations. Probably the Kremlin has discounted the loyalty of satellite soldiery and would relegate it to home duty and send the Red army to fight the enemy.

In the first world war the Czech soldiers subject to Austria-Hungry deserted by thousands, some of them traversing the globe in order to join the allies. Yet the Czechs under the Hapsburgs were well treated in comparison with their sufferings under Soviet rule.

During the second Geneva conference the allied powers will be forced to consider the dangers of war in North Africa and the Middle East as well as the threatened outbreak over Formosa. It is now evident that France is destined to undergo one crisis after another in trying to rule Morocco and Algeria, notwithstanding Premier Faure's October victory on the Algerian question. The North African situation is honeycombed with Communism, both in Africa and Paris. If the Reds continue their strategy and France vacillates, North Africa will soon become a satellite of the Soviet Union, as a result of the insistence of the people of both regions upon "liberation" from French rule. No fundamental change in this process may be expected while France itself is confused and planless.

A still more explosive problem complicates Israel and the Arab bloc. Many solutions have been suggested, but the basic hostility burns so deeply that solutions are rejected as soon as offered. The Arabs nurse their hatred by citing the miseries of their people in losing their old homes in Palestine. Israel feels that the Arab states will unite to exterminate it. No clear-cut report of the kind or quantity of war material from Czechoslovakia to Egypt can be obtained, and naturally Egypt's enemy is likely to exaggerate the transaction. Now Saudia Arabia is to purchase Soviet-Czech war material, perhaps on a scale bigger than the Egyptian deal, since Saudia Arabia is receiving millions of dollars annually from American oil interests. Within six months the Arab bloc could accumulate war material exceeding the amount held by Israel. Allied protestations against importing hundreds of Red airmen disguised as "technicians" are unheeded by Egypt, although it is clear that native airmen cannot soon operate Soviet-made aircraft.

Sen. Wm. Jenner of Indiana Glances at One of 300,000 Pieces of Communist Propaganda Flooding United States Mails.

DISGRACE IN INDIANA

New Castle's Mayor Paul F. McCormack has done the right thing in announcing his willingness to permit the Perfect Circle foundry to reopen Monday.

This struck plant was the scene of a riot earlier in the week when 5,000 "demonstrators," rounded up throughout Indiana and Kentucky, converged menacingly on 100 workers in the foundry. Eight people were shot and the plant was closed down by the authorities.

Manifestly, the closing of the plant, once order had been restored, was unjust, since it merely served to play the game of the CIO-UAW union. It should be reopened and kept open.

Let's keep the pertinent facts in mind. One fact is that this labor dispute hinges on whether the company should bargain with the union in New Castle alone, or whether two additional plants in other towns should be included. In other words, the dispute concerns a question of representation. The proper way to settle that, under the law, is through the National Labor Relations Board.

Another fact is that an Indiana court has issued an injunction limiting pickets at the plant to five. The "demonstrators" have flouted this court decree. For the Mayor to have kept the plant closed would have been to condone their lawlessness.

Another fact is that the National Guard has restored order in New Castle. It is perfectly capable of maintaining order. To be sure, a union spokesman has said that he does not control the members and that he cannot guarantee that there will not be another "demonstration" if the plant opens. The short answer to this is that it is not up to him to control these mobsters. That is the job of the Indiana authorities, and they ought to use whatever force is necessary to do it.

Liberty is being suppressed in New Castle—the liberty of a business to operate and the liberty of its employees to go to their jobs. This has been done by mob action in the name of unionism. It is strange that there has not been a national surge of protest. Where are those whose hearts bleed so readily when other assaults on liberty are made? Does the fact that a union is involved in this case really make any difference?

—Washington Star

"LET THERE BE LIGHT!"

By HON. JOHN V. BEAMER

United States Representative from Indiana

My home town, Wabash, Indiana, was the first city in the world to be lighted by electricty. That was seventy-five years ago, in March, 1880.

Today, we live in an abundance undreamed of by those who first saw that city electrically lighted.

Those who were present on that occasion, and many who followed in the next one or two generations, well remember the old kerosene lamp which gave its faint yellow glow from which we secured our light.

We also remember the shadows that were cast and the comparative darkness in which we lived. Yet, it was a great improvement over the old candle.

Three quarters of a century ago, Rutherford B. Hayes of Ohio was the 19th President of the United States, and James D. Williams was the 17th Governor of Indiana.

Only one year prior to that time the first term of court had been opened in the new Court House in Wabash County, and Lyman Walker served as Judge of the Wabash County Circuit Court.

The Honorable Calvin Cowgill of Wabash was the Representative from this District in the 46th United States Congress.

A war between the States had been fought. Veterans marched on memorial occasions in G. A. R. parades, and stories of Shiloh, Gettysburg and Vicksburg were being retold by the "boys in blue."

People then lived in a nation that was only one hundred years old. After the war there was a new nation and a new spirit. The telegraph had ceased being a curiosity. It had brought news from the battlefield with a swiftness never known before in the story of mankind. Distance had begun to shrink with the speeding process of communication and transportation.

The predecessors of some of the modern conveniences of the home were making their appearance. Enameled iron bath tubs had begun to be installed in some of the best hotels—in some instances, even a tub on each floor.

Central heating systems were being developed to replace the fireplace and the stove. Only four years prior to this time, gas had been piped to the first gas range that was exhibited at the Philadelphia Exposition in 1876. Then in 1880—just 75 years ago—volume production of this new appliance was started.

That by-gone era was one of innovation and invention. Only a few years before, the sewing machine, the reaper, the telephone, the typewriter, and numerous new mechanical ideas had been made available to the public.

But only 25 years before that date one of the most certain things was the uncertainty of life. Insecurity was a constant concern. Economic life was unstable.

Medical science had not advanced to the point where many diseases could be conquered. Children were under the constant threat of attacks by Indians or scarlet fever.

However, in 1880 people were beginning to see new possibilities and new opportunities. There was the beginning of economic emancipation—a transformation from hand power to machine power. More books and more newspapers were being read. A Hoosier author, Lew Wallace, had written the famous novel, "Ben Hur," which was a best seller in 1880.

Mark Twain's "Tom Sawyer" had been published in 1876, but four years later in 1880 it continued on the best seller list.

The beloved Hoosier poet, James Whitcomb Riley, in 1880 published in the *Indianapolis Journal*, two poems—"The Old Swimmin' Hole" and "When the Frost is on the Pumpkin."

Publishing of books, magazines and newspapers had begun to boom. More children went to school, and the terms of school were longer.

If there had been any class distinction in our country, it was beginning to disappear in 1880.

A middle class had arisen and their extra income for necessities and a few luxuries brought in more money for further expansion of business. All of this added up to an age that was the beginning of the miracle period.

But more mysterious, more powerful and more spectacular than either steam or gas, was the application of electricity.

Congressman John V. Beamer

In the 1870's the arc light was introduced for purposes of illumination in mines, ships and for stage effects.

In 1879 Thomas A. Edison introduced the smaller incandescent light that could be used indoors.

But in 1880, on March 31st, my city of Wabash became the first electrically lighted city in the world. The story of the arc lights on the top of this Court House is a tale that rightfully has been told and retold. From that incident and from thousands of similar experiences in the United States, the history of promise could be written.

The tomorrows of that time were beginning to offer a life of greater promise and more

abundant living. All of this was being made possible through industrial growth and development.

There was no shadow then of the willingness of people to accept the philosophy of collectivism in any form, either Socialism or Communism. All wisely seemed to understand that their destiny was related directly to their own economic efforts.

This spirit built up in the peoples of that age and also in the next generation a determination to accomplishment and a readiness to do something for themselves, for their community, State, and Nation.

Early in the Holy Scriptures it was written "And God said, 'Let there be light'; and there was light . . . And God saw the light that it was good; and God divided the light from the darkness."

As the first electric lights marked the beginning of a new era of invention and innovation, so did it symbolize the genesis of a new seeking of knowledge. A prophet of old said that his people were destroyed for lack of knowledge.

In the United States this seeking after knowledge was applied not only to material advancement, but also to intellectual and spiritual growth.

A liberty-loving people who had won liberty and freedom by immigration, and who had fought to protect these liberties and freedoms had seen the light —the knowledge and faith that passes all understanding.

This faith has continued to grow until we find ourselves a mighty nation—the most powerful in the world today—and we continue in the faith that our present and future generations shall keep this liberty and freedom—that they may keep this light, the light of faith and of understanding.

ATOMS FOR PEACE

(Continued from Page 2)

and programs. No other nation approaches us in magnitude of such operations. All other nations combined (including Russia) do not have one-fourth this amount invested in both military and peacetime atom projects. Our current operating budget in the atom field is roughly $2 billion a year—about $250,000 an hour, the year 'round.

"As we learn more and more about the peaceful applications of atomic energy we are able to move more and more of our activities out from behind the walls of security restrictions," says Admiral Lewis L. Strauss, Chairman of the Atomic Energy Commission.

Since enactment of the new licensing law in 1954, the Atomic Energy Commission has opened negotiations with no less than forty domestic concerns. All these projects combined eventually will provide 700,000 kilowatts of electrical energy, at a total investment of about $200 million. One company, Consolidated Edison of New York, will invest $40 million in a new atomic power plant to help supply New York City.

"At home and abroad—except in the field of weapons —we are cutting down on our government monopoly as rapidly, (with safety) as we know how," adds Chairman Strauss. "The pace in this direction will be accelerated."

* * * *

Since President Eisenhower made his dramatic atoms-for-peace offer before the UN General Assembly in New York, December 8, 1953, our State Department has signed cooperative development agreements with 24 nations. Students from thirty-two nations are presently in this country under exchange programs in the field of peaceful atomic development. Friendly nations wishing to inaugurate atomic power developments may apply to the U. S. for financial assistance, up to 50 per cent of the original investment.

Atom power units designed in the U. S. already have been sold to 24 nations, at an average cost of $350,000 each. Atomic Energy Commission experts are assigned to help install each unit abroad. Russia expressed deep interest in these sales, as reported at the Geneva Conference, but was informed the experimental equipment is available only to nations which enter into the formal atoms-for-peace treaty proposed through the UN. Thus far, Russia has not obligated herself under this international cooperation program. Russia claims to have a power generating unit in operation, but offered no exhibits or advanced designs at the Geneva Conference.

At the time of President Eisenhower's ephocal proposal in December 1953, only five nations were in the field of peaceful atom development. But at the August 1955 conference in Geneva, no less than thirty-eight nations exhibited their peacetime atom programs or products!

As soon as Russia will accept the essential obligations of honest international inspection, the whole world may look forward to a quick expansion of the atoms-for-peace program. Then, in the terms of President Eisenhower's 1953 offer, a considerable part of the present U. S. military budget might be diverted safely to peacetime economic and social development in other lands, on a reciprocal basis.

As Chairman Strauss expresses this hope:

"With *real* peace in this nuclear age, it will be a simple matter to strip the atom of its military casing and convert it to the arts of peace. Our weapons stockpile represents an investment of billions, but this value lies not alone in these contrivances as devices of destruction. They have another and happier potential.

"The basic atomic fuel now encased in the weapons stockpile is salvageable at very small cost for peacetime use.

"When the day comes that our atomic armament no longer is required to deter aggression, the nuclear material which it contains can be easily converted into energy sources to provide very great amounts of power to turn the wheels of industry, furnish us with light, heat, transportation, and the many other conveniences and blessings of peace. We in the Atomic Energy Commission work with the vision of that day constantly before us."

This sentiment echoes, in practical terms, the historic pledge given by President Eisenhower before the UN Assembly on December 8, 1953:

". . . the United States pledges before you—and therefore before the world—its determination to help solve the fearful atomic dilemma—to devote its entire heart and mind to find the way by which the miraculous inventiveness of man shall not be dedicated to his death, but consecrated to his life."

Speaking before the UN tenth anniversary assembly at San Francisco, June 25, 1955, President Eisenhower added this note:

"The *munitions of peace* are justice, honesty, mutual

(See Atoms For Peace *Page 30)*

THE ENEMY WITHIN OUR GATES

(REGISTERED TRADE MARK)

Concerning the Activities of Movements Tending To Undermine the Institutions of the Republic

The Ford Foundation financed Fund For The Republic, headed by Dr. Robert Hutchins, former head of the University of Chicago, who began early in his career championing the right of freedom to Communists, has been increasingly active in varying fields in recent weeks. The Fund has received fifteen millions of dollars from the Foundation for its work, whatever that is.

The Fund has in return dished out parcels of the fifteen millions to sub-committees presumably operating under its direction. One of these is the new grant of $30,000 for the Institute of Legal Research at the University of Pennsylvania to investigate the authority under which the United States Post Office can intercept and impound subversive mailings. Hundreds of thousands of pieces of Communist propaganda are flooding our mails both from national and Iron Curtain sources each month. The Post Office has been impounding such propaganda. A Senate Committee is also investigating the sources of this flood of subversive propaganda. Dean Jefferson Fordham is in charge of the Funds project. The American Civil Liberties Union has recently pressed the Post Office Department to permit such material free access to our mails.

Another grant by the Fund has been that of $150,000 to the American Friends Committee of Philadelphia, to defend a group of so-called Quakers. In this instance the so-called Quakers are professional pacifists and war resisters, and a group from the Catholic Worker, a leftist organ operated by Dorothy Day who has in the past admitted Communist leanings, all of whom defied Civil Defense regulations in Philadelphia. A. J. Muste, former head of a Communist movement, and with a past listing of many frontings, is head of the defense fund. Of the twenty-nine arrested, fourteen were members of Muste's war resisting, radical pacifist movements, the War Resisters League and the Fellowship of Reconciliation. Directing the American Friends Committee Service's $150,000 special fund is Frederick B. Tolls, librarian at Swarthmore College.

Awards to Sustain Congressional Defiance

The Fund For The Republic earlier had made a gift to a Plymouth Meeting, Pennsylvania, library, in the amount of $5,000, as recognition of its bold stand in refusing to fire a Mrs. Mary Knowles, its librarian, who had been charged with having Communist connections by an underground FBI agent, Herbert Philbrick. The test came when some Quakers demanded her dismissal due to the fact that she had refused to testify, under protection of the Fifth Amendment, when called before a Senatorial Committee, which had heard Philbrick who testified that he knew her as a Communist in 1947. She remains librarian at the Quakers' William Jeanes Memorial Library at Plymouth Meeting, while the Quakers of the community thrash the matter out pro and con, and it is understood that the Fund For The Republic's check for five-grand has not yet been officially accepted.

United Press Photo

Prof. Leon J. Kamin, Harvard Psychologist, on Trial in Federal Court (Boston) for Contempt of Congress.

Fund Awards to Racial Agitators

A previous project of the Fund was that of a "study" and report of the workings and results of the Federal government security program, which study has resulted in many piecemeal news releases scoring the government's handling of security risks.

It has been announced that the Fund will also make an award of thousands of dollars to the National Association For the Advancement of Colored Peoples in recognition of its militant activities in the Southern States. The colored organization has been whipping things up down there and many physical clashes are reported having resulted from their agitation and mass actions. This award may stimulate a full-scale investigation of the Ford Foundation, the Fund For The

United Press Photo

Dean Edward Levi of University of Chicago Law School Querried by Senate Committee on Wire Tapping of Court Jury Proceedings.

Republic, the NAACP and all of the fringe committees and personnel of the big show that is being exhibited through the liberal outshelling of former profits made from the sale of Fords and Lincolns throughout our country.

The Fund has reportedly added to its lists of "anti-Communist experts," one Theodore Draper. State Department records show a Theodore Draper traveled to Russia under a passport in the name of Teddy Dubusky. A Theodore Draper has served on the editorial staffs of the following Communist organs, China Today, playing the pro-Red Chinese game; Student Review, organ of the Young Communist League, and New Masses, of which he was also an officer, a Communist organ for "intellectual" Reds. He was a member of the Continuing Committee of the American Youth Congress. Space will not permit more on his record.

Hires a Purger of Congressmen's Freedom

Walter Millis, also reportedly taken on the staff of the Fund For The Republic, was active in the Citizens For Victory Committee in 1942, which attempted to and did purge Congress of some members for exerting their free speech and actions against the New Deal. He was also a sponsor of the American Congress of American-Soviet Friendship, an outlet of the National Council of American-Soviet Friendship, which latter is on the Department of Justice list as a Communist front. Earl Browder, also taken on by the Fund as an expert on Communism, is all that and more, but he has heretofore refused to cooperate with any department of the government in its efforts to round up his old cronies, who served him in conspiracies against our government so many, many years, and has refused to devulge any information against the Party or leaders or members of same to Congressional Committees, and while no longer the publicly known top official of the Party, has never to our knowledge renounced Russia or Communism, whose forces he served for twenty-four long years, serving jail and prison terms for the cause. He is yet under Federal indictment.

It has been disclosed that a former newspaperman who refused to tell a Congressional Committee whether he was ever a Communist has been handling some of the public relations work of the Fund For The Republic. He is Amos Landman, who was named by Winston Burdett, well known broadcaster and admitted one time agent for the Soviet government, as among those who allegedly attended Red cell meetings in 1938 and 1939.

The Fund For The Republic "public relations" man was twice called before a Senate committee and while saying he hadn't belonged to the Communist Party in some years, he refused to testify under oath that he had never belonged. Fund For The Republic officials said this didn't appear to them "to be sufficient reason to bar him" from employment.

Another recipient of Funds For The Republic, is the Southern Regional Council, of Atlanta, Georgia, headed by Dr. George S. Mitchell. This outfit has had a grant of $395,000 from the Hutchins Fund. Its efforts augment those of the National Association For the Advancement of Colored People in the South.

Advocate of Red Agent Receives Funds

Mitchell was formerly with the government as first director and finally Southern Regional Director of the old New Deal Farm Security Administration. It was in this job that he influenced into the government Nathan Gregory Silvermaster (alleged Red spy-ringer), according to Silvermaster's own statements before a Congressional Committee. Mitchell left the government as the heat was being turned on and turned up as CIO-PAC director of nine Southern States, and finally went with the Veterans Services Regional Council, Inc., in the South, a local outfit. He served on the board of the Southern Conference For Human Welfare, the forerunner of the Southern Educational Conference Fund. He had also been active with the Civil Rights Congress which is on the D.J. list of subversive movements.

United Press Photo

Visiting Russian Housing Delegation to U.S.A., Astounded at Millions of American Homes and Buildings Under Capitalist System.

Sen. John Bricker, of Ohio, in the prepared text of a speech, recently said the purpose of the Fund For The Republic "is to criticize those who are critical of Communists."

The American Legion national convention in Miami received an executive committee report accusing the Fund For The Republic of having "leftwing biases" and in Convention adopted a resolution asking for a congressional investigation of Foundations and the use of their awards. Of Robert Maynard Hutchins, head of the fund, the report says "Hutchins major thesis is that the country is in the grip of anti-Communist hysteria and that this hysteria is a grave threat to civil liberties. . . Nowhere in any project or activity of the

(See ENEMY WITHIN OUR GATES, *Page 23)*

United Press Photo

V. Y. Isaev, Chief of Board of Construction in USSR on Tour of U.S.A., Sees for First Time a Modern Stove.

NATIONAL REPUBLIC EDITORIALS

FOR—Fundamental Americanism; Constitutional Representative Government; Constructive National Policies. • **AGAINST**—All Subversive Movements Inimical to American Ideals, Traditions and Institutions.

A LOYAL AIDE

DURING HIS TEDIOUS convalescence President Eisenhower must be chuckling over the ways and means by which ambitious politicians have tried to shuffle from him some of his official duties, for their own advantage. The Constitution—Oh, that's obsolete. The laws? There's no law which denies to a citizen the exercise of executive authority duly delegated to him. The novelty of it? Why, that's one of its attractive features. No one before has ever siphoned off the presidential powers. Here we have a President without a guide, who would be glad to turn over a lot of authority to anybody willing to work, and no questions asked. We are already in the secretariat, and therefore we can offer our help. Grab off all the power you can, and maybe we can shape foreign policy and domestic affairs too, to our own advantage. With this power we'll be able to tell Vice President Nixon and those smarties in Congress where to get off. Sure! And those other smart-alecks in Foggy Bottom, always butting in on our White House business.

Yes, as the clerical personnel unfolded its designs the President must have been amused. At the same time he took pains to thwart the wire-pullers by requesting Vice President Nixon to act for him in certain matters and to be on call if needed. The clerks may go on clerking, but their glorious dreams of borrowed power are shattered.

It is true that the Constitution does not specify how or by whom the inability of a President to perform his duties shall be determined, but in one particular its command is unmistakable. It provides that the Vice President, and not anonymous clerks, shall act as President during the President's inability.

President Eisenhower rightly turned to the Vice President, and Vice President Nixon loyally responded when he was needed. His conduct during the interim was that of a patriot, concerned by the President's illness, and without a sign of self-seeking. He has carried on by performing duties assigned to him, modestly and efficiently. The nation may congratulate itself that it chose Richard Nixon to stand by in case of need.

Of course, Mr. Nixon has political enemies, mostly Reds who hate him for having helped to force the conviction of Alger Hiss. Some Democrats—not all—oppose him, fearing that he will be foremost for the Presidency in case Mr. Eisenhower does not run. The war-cry of the Reds, originating with their official organ, the Daily Worker, is "Stop Nixon!" The more the Reds oppose him the stronger he becomes among patriotic Americans. Apparently this is not understood by Gov. Knight, of California, a Republican amateur politician who mimics the Reds by shouting "Stop Nixon!" Gov. Knight is not a Communist; his handicap is that he himself aspires to the Presidency and begins by disparaging Nixon.

In the meantime the American people pray for early restoration of the President's health. He is now the personification of that glorious ideal, "Peace on earth, good will toward men," for which the whole world yearns.

THE SPIRIT OF AMERICA

IT WAS THE VOICE OF AMERICA that spoke last month at Miami through the American Legion, condemning the anti-American one-world outfit called UNESCO, an offshoot of the United Nations. For some years a stealthy conspiracy has been at work, aiming to entangle the United States in a web of international commitments which would enable aliens to win a voice in shaping American foreign policy against the will of the majority of Americans and in violation of our Constitution. Soft-headed internationalists in the State Department have participated in this movement, pretending to represent the United States. Some delegates to the U. N. have been active in promoting the scheme, hoping to make a breach in American independence in favor of their own backward countries. Another important influence supporting the conspiracy is an ignorant, conceited body of citizens who have become so drunk with the wine of "internationalism" that they are eager to trade America's independence for the fraudulent Communist promise of security against war. It is a subtly directed movement, utterly hostile to American traditions and aspirations.

The American Legion took notice of the attempt to subvert its own declared opposition to UNESCO, reiterated its sound patriotic opposition, and demanded an investigation of that outfit.

This action, we repeat, voices the Spirit of America, as distinguished from the perfidious "spirit of one worldism," launched by the Moscow gang and their dupes who plot America's downfall. The American Legion is composed of men who risked their lives and honor to protect the United States, its Constitution and its flag. The heroes who fought at their side, and who now lie in Flanders Field or in the bosom of their country were defenders of Americanism also. Living and dead, the Legionaires march into futurity in proud championship of America.

One of the minority voices in the American Legion is that of Harry Truman, former President. He has been quoted as saying that the "Legion has gone haywire," that it is dabbling in politics, and that "it doesn't know what it is talking about," when it recently denounced UNESCO by an overwhelming vote of the veterans organization. Members of the American Legion, he said, "were brave men who knew what they were fighting for, but for some reason, have forgotten what it was."

It would be difficult, even for Mr. Truman, to pack in more mistaken notions than are contained in his vicious criticism of the Legion. But he is a master of self-delusion, as he demonstrated when he harbored and promoted the traitor Harry Dexter White after the FBI had exposed him. Mr. Truman's devotion to the one-world dream and UNESCO is another item showing how far he continues to wander from the Spirit of America. However, Mr. Truman's comment serves to emphasize the overwhelming decision of the Legion to strike down the enemies of the United States, "foreign and domestic."

JURY TAPPING

THE PEOPLE HAVE BEEN ASTOUNDED by the disclosure that vandals have been tapping the wires connecting with jury rooms. An even more odious disclosure is that certain judges have encouraged this practice. It is now revealed that funds have been granted by tax-free foundation to continue and expand the secret process of overhearing conversation in jury rooms.

Apparently there is no law that penalizes an unfaithful judge for permitting this outrage. Congress may be expected to act promptly in punishing what should be an impeachable offense. Legislation also will be forthcoming, no doubt, which will put a stop to further invasion of the people's right to rely upon integrity of juries. If any tax-free foundation attempts to promote jury-tapping, thereby corrupting the springs of justice, it should be effectually penalized.

Ages of experience taught mankind long ago that justice could be best attained by submitting disputes to a jury composed of impartial neighbors who could confer in confidence with all the facts before them. The fact that jurymen could speak their minds freely among themselves was and is an indispensable element in ascertaining the truth. To tamper with this practice is to impede justice and truth. Secret listening to the conversation of jurymen is an abominable importation from some foreign cesspool of evil, possibly of Communist origin. It is intolerable to free men.

Now that the jury-tapping offense has been disclosed it should be easy to squelch it and to punish its perpetrators. Upright judges can do much to see that the springs of justice are kept pure. Public opinion will take care of corrupted magistrates.

GREAT AUTHORS DISAGREE

HARRY TRUMAN AND ALGER HISS are blossoming into literary fame and are selling their memoirs while the selling is good. Formerly they were good friends, and it's a pity that they should disagree now over the great events at Yalta and Potsdam. Their memoirs should be co-ordinated and homologated to correspond with other documentary evidence relating to their subject, or other authors may be discredited. As old friends, Messrs. Truman and Hiss should get together. When that "odious Republican," Richard Nixon, accused Hiss of cuddling up to Communists, Mr. Truman defended his friend and declared that the charge against Hiss was merely a Red herring, as innocent of Marxism as any other herring, even if a bit red.

But now these literati are in an unintentional dispute. Hiss insists that President Roosevelt arranged at Yalta for Russia to get into the war against Japan; but Mr. Truman clings to his statement that his main purpose in going to Potsdam was to get a pledge from Stalin to get into the war against Japan. "This I was able to get from Stalin in the very first days of the conference," he says. "That was the only secret agreement made at Potsdam."

Hiss asserts that the allies obtained compromises beneficial to Poland from Russia during the Yalta confab, and hints that these benefits to Poland were wiped out by Mr. Truman's blunders at Potsdam. It is true that the arrangement at Potsdam led to Poland's enslavement as Russia's satellite, and that Mr. Truman also agreed to the partition of Germany, which is still a factor in the cold war. But why cannot great authorities agree upon great facts, instead of putting forth memoirs without previous consultation?

FREEDOMS FOUNDATION

THE INSTITUTION KNOWN AS FREEDOMS Foundation at Valley Forge grows in popularity and prestige each year. It is the only medium for recognizing and rewarding the work of those patriots who revere and adhere to Americanism. In these times of peril it is like a faithful lighthouse throwing inspiring rays into gathering clouds, to warn wayfarers of dangers and to point the way to a safe harbor.

The number and activities of corrrupt communications in the United States seem to be increasing. Universities, schools, the movies, radio and television, the press in large part, and citizens who have become infidels write and make public utterances which would have condemned them a few years ago. Among some of the younger "intellectuals" (!) it is no longer popular to extol the "American way of life," but to find fault with and to smear it; and many young newspaper men often besmirch themselves and their papers by deliberately "slanting" the news—by falsehoods, frankly speaking—all intended to mislead the unwary. Aliens infiltrating the nation's security measures are guilty of espionage, but native-born citizens in considerable numbers are aiding them. It is a situation that was unknown before the first world war, and it became worse during and since the second world war.

Freedoms Foundation combats this crime against the United States by recognizing and honoring those Americans who, by word or deed, honor their country. Its awards, although modest, mount into large sums collectively, and its commendations from judges of the highest character are treasured by recipients as testimonials of loyalty and moral courage. Anyone may recommend himself or any other citizen or group for an award or other mark of honor.

The number of notable papers, orations, sermons, magazine and newspaper articles, etc., that has already accumulated under Freedoms Foundation auspices is a good illustration of the fact that devoted Americans rejoice in expressing their immovable adherence to the nation's ideals. In doing this they encourage others, including those who wander aimlessly in a fog of indecision. Indeed, it is probable that Freedoms Foundation has persuaded many citizens of honest instincts to reject the allurements of socialism and Communism and to return to the immortal truths upon which the United States stands.

MacARTHUR AND YALTA

EFFORTS OF GEN. DOUGLAS MACARTHUR'S critics to show that at Yalta he recommended Russia's entry into the Japanese war should revise their timing. Early in the war, when it appeared that defeat of Japan would cost thousands of American lives, and while Japan was still occupying Manchuria, Gen. MacArthur favored action by Russia; but later, when Japan's surrender to America was imminent, Gen. MacArthur was opposed to Soviet action. When President Roosevelt agreed to the Yalta sellout to Stalin his action was binding upon MacArthur, who obeyed orders as a soldier.

COMMUNISTS BATTLE AGAINST RELIGION

By REV. AUGUST W. BRUSTAT

THE world now witnesses the widest, most vicious, most subtle and diabolical of all uprisings against the cause of religion which this earth has ever known. Orthodox believers face unprecedented modes and techniques of persecution in the anti-God, anti-Christ, anti-moral, anti-Scripture campaign conducted by Communism. Some of the methods employed against religion are fantastically incredible.

When Communists first seized the reins of government in Russia, they launched a frontal attack against the Church. Their technique was crude and barbarous. Degrading caricatures appeared in cartoons ridiculing God, Christ, the Church, the Bible, religion, morals, and the clergy, and were published in Soviet dailies. Churches were confiscated and transformed into warehouses, museums, armories, concert halls, and entertainment centers. It has been estimated that 90,000 religious buildings and over 19,000,000 acres of church property were expropriated by the Soviet State. Bibles and all other religious literature were gathered and burned. Clergymen were defrocked, dragged from their pulpits, forcibly ejected from their homes in the dead of night, separated from their families, harassed, held up to ridicule, dragged through the streets, starved, incarcerated, enlisted in concentration camp chain gangs, and liquidated. It was estimated that within one five-year period, the Communists executed 1,776,737 Christians, including 1,237 clergymen. Nine universities were opened in the Soviet Union within the period of one month, designed specifically to teach atheism.

In October, 1950, the Vatican statistically reported Communist persecution against the Church of Rome as follows:

Albania: 715 priests and monks, including all bishops, denied the right to perform their duties.

The Baltic countries: 100 priests murdered or jailed.

Bulgaria: 120 priests killed or exiled.

Czechoslovakia: 300 priests and an undetermined number of monks and nuns imprisoned.

Hungary: 1,000 priests and monks murdered or deported, 589 others prevented from exercising religious duties and responsibilities.

Poland: 1,000 priests deported to Siberia.

The Ukraine: 5,000 priests killed.

Yugoslavia: 1,954 priests killed, arrested or deported.

In the so-called "recognized" Russian Orthodox Church, the number of priests was reduced from nearly 51,000 to less than 6,000. Orthodox churches dropped from 46,000 in 1918 to 2,000 in 1948.

Nor have the Protestant groups escaped the Communist campaign against religion. Next to Russian Orthodoxism and Romanism, Lutheranism is the religious group hardest hit by Communism. Bishop Ordass, Lutheran Primate of Hungary, was sentenced to two years in prison for failure to report certain reconstruction funds from the Lutheran World Federation, under a directive which was issued *after* the ceremonies were received. Bishop Dibelius charged that Communists were stifling religion in the schools and community life, and that 90% of East Germany's 18,000,000 people had been "forced to adhere to one ideology." Lutheran Bishop Vladimir Cobrda of Slovakia was removed from office and his whereabouts is unknown. He was succeeded by Jan Chudoba, a Communist Party member. Also removed from office was Fedor Ruppeldt, who for five years had served as Bishop of the Western section of the Slovakian Lutheran Church. These men, together with others, had signed the required loyalty oath and did not openly resist Communism, but were removed because they did not use the Church for Communist propaganda purposes.

The Lutheran Church in pre-war Russia numbered over 4,000,000 members. That church, for all practical purposes has been entirely liquidated. The last Lutheran Church in Moscow, the Church of Sts. Peter and Paul, was reportedly confiscated by the Soviet government in 1938.

Other religious groups in the Soviet Union have suffered a similar fate.

In China, the Christian Church has been cut off from all outside aid and communication, and has been forced to accept "independence." Native "pastors" sympathetic to the Chou En-lai regime have replaced foreign missionaries. A long record of atrocities against foreign clergy who labored for years in China, is on the books.

The Methodist Church in China, perhaps under duress, has submitted to Communist demands to such an extent that it has excommunicated Generalissimo and Madame Chiang Kai-shek from its membership. The bishop who had baptized the Generalissimo was required to criticize himself publicly for his action.

A Young Communist Anti-Religious Festivity in New York City to Counteract Christmas.

In a radio broadcast from Peiping on June 3, 1951, Chinese Christians were given a four-fold order:

1. Take an active part in a propaganda campaign against America.
2. Sever all ties with missionary societies in other parts of the world.
3. Give support to all "reforms" engineered by the Red government.
4. Help suppress all patriotic movements in China, including guerilla activities of those who wish to see Chiang returned to power.

MORE Christians, to say nothing of other religionists, have been slaughtered in cold blood in Russia since the Revolution of 1917, or have perished in sub-zero Siberian slave-labor concentration camps than perished in the ten great persecutions of the infant Christian Church of the first century. It has been reliably reported that about 15,000,000 are today languishing in slave-labor camps in the Soviet Union, many of them because of their adherence to religious beliefs.

During the Korean war, the Communist armies showed no mercy toward Christians. The Presbyterians had been active missionaries in Korea for decades. Early in the war, when the Reds succeeded in penetrating South Korea forcing the United Nations forces into the bridgehead of Pusan, a Chinese Communist leader boasted that "the curtain has been rung down on Christianity in Korea." Then when the tide turned and General MacArthur's forces regained lost ground, thousands of Korean Christians (Korea has been called the most Christianized country of Asia) came out of hiding to welcome them. But this proved to be an unfortunate gesture, because when the Reds surged back over the same territory they were able more easily to identify and liquidate believers.

Of the 4,000 persons massacred by the Reds at a single stroke in Taejon, the majority is reported to have been professed Christians. Thousands of religious prisoners in Korea, of whose fate nothing is known, have disappeared from areas overrun by the Red armies.

However, in spite of the inhuman tactics, the merciless persecution, and vicious anti-religious propaganda in lands over which the hammer and sickle waves, the fires of faith in the hearts of millions has not been extinguished. Worship is carried on in secret. Itinerant preachers travel incognito over long distances and meet in secret rendezvous with the faithful to preach and administer the sacraments.

When the atheists in the Kremlin began to realize that their frontal attacks on religion were not producing the desired results, they contrived a more subtle technique to eradicate faith and obliterate the divine consciousness of their victims.

During the war, when lend-lease help from Christian America was desperately needed to meet the onrushing Hitlerian Wehrmacht, a temporary armistice in the war against religion was inaugurated. This was mere window-dressing. And ever since then a more deceptive tactic in the war on religion has been in force.

While assemblies of worship are not necessarily officially forbidden everywhere, Sunday as a day of worship is not recognized. No one day of the week is specified as an "off day" for the workers, but the "off days" are staggered so that public worship is a virtual impossibility. Even where, for the sake of temporary expediency, worship is not prohibited, participation is permitted only if it does not interfere with functions of state. Soviet brass bands parade in front of open churches and their blares drown out the hallelujahs of the worshipers.

Atheists in Russia symbolize a worker's climb to heaven to demolish God. The caption reads: We have dethroned the earthly Tsars, now we shall destroy the heavenly ones. The figures in the clouds, from left to right, represent Christ, God the Father, Jehovah, Allah, African diety.

THE taxation levied against church properties, where these still exist, is so excessive that congregations cannot afford to maintain them. Generally the average Russian worker has no funds to contribute to church causes after state deductions have been made. All "church funds," where they do still exist, are subject to the audit of the Minister for Cultures. Communism has gone so far as to change the calendar, actually abolishing the seven-day week and eliminating Sunday entirely. It has left the workers only five days in the year as holidays, each commemorating some event of the Red Revolution.

The remaining clergymen of the "recognized" Russian Orthodox Church, a church which is now virtually an arm of the Communist state, receive the lowest or sixth type of food ration card. This permits the purchase of scarcely enough food for bare subsistence.

Paper, on which Bibles and religious messages might be printed and disseminated, is under the control of the party, is rationed, and must be requistioned. Consequently, religious magazines have been entirely eliminated. The importing of Bibles and religious journals into Russia or her satellites is strictly forbidden. Communist printing presses, on the other hand, are working around the clock to grind out atheistic propaganda. Thousands of posters are printed ridiculing everything religious in the vilest, most blasphemous,

(See RELIGION, *Page 30)*

"MISS AMERICA" OF THE INDIES

By ALICE A. DUNNIGAN

THE East Indies has for centuries been recognized as a land of great wealth. This reputation so attracted Christopher Columbus that he dared to venture across the Atlantic Ocean nearly 500 years ago seeking a shorter route from Spain to this fascinating land of fame and fortune.

And for more than 300 years the enormous vegetable and mineral resources of this great country have supplied the bulk of income of the Netherlands.

The vast quantities of oil and rubber so tempted the Japanese that, in 1941, they were willing to risk provoking war with the United States to obtain some of this wealth.

The Indies, now known as the Republic of Indonesia, is still envied by several countries because of its valuable resources.

It is probably no less coveted by the Russians and Chinese Communists today than it was in past years by the Spanish, the Dutch and the Japanese.

The battle that is being waged there today waxes even hotter than a shooting war. Although there are no raids or bombings and no day-by-day casualty lists, still it is a war in every sense of the word because it is a battle of men's minds.

While the Communist Party has made no serious attempt recently to seize power in Indonesia, it does claim membership and influence in a number of large organizations.

The last really important attempt to gain national leadership was in 1948 when the Republic was in war with the Dutch.

Since the Communist Party is legal in Indonesia about a million of the 80-million population are members of the party, according to a State Department estimate.

Of the 31 Representatives in Parliament, 17 are members of the Communist Party.

The problem of Communist expansion in Indonesia is a serious one. The battle of ideologies continues to rage on the mineral rich island of Sumatra.

There on the firing line amidst hurling propaganda darts stands Miss Myrtle Thorne, a faithful American, holding up the banner of free government.

Miss Thorne, a former U. S. schoolteacher, is a native of North Carolina. She received her Bachelors degree from Howard University, Washington, D. C., and her Masters from Smith College in South Hampton, Massachusetts.

She joined the staff of the United States Information Agency in 1951, and was sent to Medan, the capital of North Sumatra, as Cultural Affairs Assistant.

So successfully did she serve in that capacity that she was promoted to the position of Public Affairs Officer, directing the USIA in that area.

Her chief responsibility was that of refuting the derogatory propaganda about the United States which is constantly being spread by the Sumatran Communists.

The situation seemed hopeless at first, as all odds were against her. The physical condition of the Island was bad and the weather unfavorable. Since Sumatra is bisected by the Equator, the temperatures run from 80 degrees upward, and the rainy season, which lasts for eight months, is responsible for humidity which hovers around 80 per cent.

Miss Thorne found that the Communist campaign in southeast Asia was well organized and highly financed. In many sections it was supported by banks, newspapers, motion picture theaters, and the like, while the American emissary had no such institutions at her disposal.

The Communists also used small loans to help advance their cause. The Bank of China would make these loans available to natives under conditions that the borrower would agree to send his children to Communist controlled schools, subscribe to Communist publications, and to support pro-Communist organizations.

THE American schoolteacher realized that she must get to the people if she hoped to carry the true story of America. In order to do this she made her way up the mountains, through the jungles and over the mud-strewn roads to their villages.

As she traveled along the way in her "Mobile Unit" she stopped at the villages and towns to make friends and acquaintances. She discussed with the villagers issues of the day in Indonesian language. She showed them movies on health, sanitation, education and the United States.

Miss Thorne also distributed simple pamphlets and booklets in Indonesian which answered some of the questions about the United States.

Her personification of America through her confident, but modest manner, her neat clothes, her solicitude for anyone in difficulty and her friendly democratic manner won for her the affectionate title of "Miss America of the Indies."

She is so much respected by the native villagers that

Miss Thorne Points to Map of Rubber and Oil Producing Island of Sumatra.

they almost always invite her to share their food and watch their dancing.

On one occasion when she visited a village she was informed by the head man that "In the old days I would have ordered food and dancing, but now we are a democracy. I must put it to a vote. Can you come back in an hour?"

When she went back the food and dancing were ready but she never learned how close the vote was.

Whenever Miss Thorne visited Bukittinggi, the cultural center of Sumatra, she was usually received by the Mayor. In that town she is commonly known as "Nona Kramat" meaning "Miss Earthshaking Event." She was given that name because an earthquake hit that village almost the same time that she arrived.

In many circles that would be regarded as an evil omen, and the person who arrived simultaneously with an earthquake would be as welcome as a cobra. But the mayor had a different interpretation of the natural phenomena, he chose to believe that this confluence presaged "earthquaking events" and has called her by that name ever since.

Miss Thorne, who had never been in the Far East before, learned upon her arrival that this is predominently a Muslem country where 90 per cent of the women are expected to remain in the kitchens and not enter politics.

SHE soon realized that the best way to get men interested in her project was through their wives. She joined women's organizations and proceeded to interest the wives of government officials, teachers, professional men, and so on, to come to the library which she had recently equipped in Pandang.

These women, not only became interested themselves, but soon began bringing their husbands. The men became so interested that they started coming alone.

When she first arrived at Medan, Miss Thorne found the USIA library housed in an old building, a former residence. The walls consisted of heavy dark paneling up to a five foot mark, "and some sort of ghastly orange up to the ceiling," she said.

Like almost any woman, she ordered an immediate spring cleaning and painting. Now the library is light and cheerful, decorated in two shades of green, "the best color for reading," she emphasized.

Now it stays "full of Indonesians, young and old, reading magazines and borrowing some of the 9,000 volumes of fiction, science, and economics," she added.

With her quiet,, competent manner, Miss Thorne made a host of friends among the leaders of Indonesia. She won their respect, their confidence and their friendship to the extent that they soon began to seek her advice—a rare compliment for a Western woman.

She was so much admired by the citizens of that country that they always invited her to be the platform guest whenever there was the opening of a new school, or a library, or a graduation at the University of North Sumatra.

She has addressed the student body at the University whose library is fortified with a gift of books from the USIA library, and has judged oratorical contests in high schools.

Army officers frequently borrow USIA book collections and magazines, sent by organizations in the United States, to give their men proper reading material and to assist them in learning English.

Miss Thorne is also a familiar figure in the editorial offices of the "Waspada" and the "Mestika," the leading newspapers, and "Penjadar," the leading magazine of Sumatra, as well as smaller journals.

Mobile Unit with Generator Motion Picture Equipment, Books, and Cooking Unit Used in Travels of Miss Thorne.

She supplies the editors with features, pictures, and background stories about the United States and its foreign policy.

HER knowledge of the political situations and understanding of local psychology has proven very helpful in her work. On one occasion she recalled having heard that Aidit, the chairman of the Communist Party of Indonesia, and a visiting Communist from Australia named Aarons were coming to Medan on a speaking tour.

She knew they would rant against the American technical aid program and the tractors which had been given to the Indonesians to aid them in meeting their annual food deficit.

She must think of something quick, so she rounded up the magazine and newspaper editors and took them out into the countryside where the tractors were operating, so they could see for themselves and listen to the comments of the Indonesian farmers.

Sure enough, Aidit and Aarons both harrangued their listeners with tales of the "Yellow tractors from the Imperialists," but since the editors had seen the tractors and knew they were not "yellow" but "red," it was apparent to them that the Communists did not know what they were talking about. This was forcibly pointed out to the readers in all the Communist papers in Medan.

Miss Thorne's work is not ended when her office closes at the end of the day. Her Indonesian friends often drop in during the evening to say "Hello," or to borrow a book, or just to have a glass of stroup—the local soft drink.

Often in the evenings she visits semi-social functions of the clubs, or dances at the Medan club.

During her four years in Indonesia she has won over all but the hard-core of Communists in every area she has visited. Families made her welcome in their homes. Often on the town streets, country roads, or jungle paths she was greeted with the Indonesian equivalent of, "Hello Miss America."

The United States Information Agency reports that the highly effective Communist propaganda offensive of Sumatra has not stopped, but due to the work of Miss Thorne, it has been slowed down tremendously.

The battle is not over and no one is more aware of that than Miss Thorne. But whenever the Communists would set up an attack with their volly of beautiful theories, "Miss America" was always there to counterattack with her flurry of cold, hard facts.

CONSTITUTIONAL EROSION THROUGH WORLD FEDERATION

By HON. JOSEPH L. CALL

Judge of the Municipal Court, Los Angeles Judicial District

FROM the earliest records of organized society down to the American Declaration of Independence all power over the people existed in the government and was lodged either in the executive or the legislative branch, or both. Under such a sovereignty the inhabitants received only such rights or franchises as the sovereign or ruler cared to bestow upon them.

Taking the history of England, for example, we find a bitter fight by the people throughout its annals, attempting to secure franchises, civil rights, and civil liberties from the Crown.

Illustrative of this fight for survival by the people is the struggle for Magna Charta (1215), the Confirming Charter (1270), the Petition of Rights (1689), the Habeas Corpus Act (1679), and the Bill of Rights (1689). All these fights for freedom were marked by riots and all the horrors of homicide. In addition to this enthrallment was the corollary of the doctrine of the divine right of kings. This was the political and religious doctrine that a king reigned as the personal emissary or ambassador of God, absolute in all respects, and accountable only to that deity. This dogma of divine power was finally thrown off by the execution of Charles I, which resulted in all sovereignty then resting in parliament to the exclusion of the Crown.

How the proposition could ever be seriously advanced that kings, czars, and princes, even if cretins and physical and mental profligates, could hold office by the direct will of God is not only an insult to the diety, but can only be classed as a public belief based upon the spector of blind faith, fear, and brutish ignorance.

The profligacy of these monarchs is fully exposed and well attested by Thomas Jefferson who, having spent considerable time as minister to France in the incipient years of this republic, thereafter wrote to his friend J. Langdon, in 1810, as follows:

"The practice of Kings marrying only in the families of Kings, has been that of Europe for some centuries. Now, take any race of animals, confine them in idleness and inaction, whether in a stye, a stable or a stateroom, pamper them with high diet, gratify all their sexual appetites, immerse them in sensualities, nourish their passions, let everything bend before them, and banish whatever might lead them to think, and in a few generations they become all body and no mind . . . Such is the regimen in raising Kings, and in this way they have gone on for centuries.

"While in Europe, I often amused myself with contemplating the characters of the then reigning sovereigns . . . Louis XVI was a fool, of my own knowledge . . . The King of Spain (Charles IV) was a fool, and of Naples (Ferdinand IV) the same. They passed their lives in hunting, and despatched two couriers a week, one thousand miles, to let each other know what game they had killed the preceding days. The King of Sardinia (Victor Amadeus III) was a fool. All these were Bourbons. The queen of Portugal (the Mad Maria), a Braganza, was an idiot by nature. And so was the King of Denmark (Christian VII). Their sons, as regents, exercised the powers of government. The King of Prussia (Frederick William II) successor to the great Frederick, was a mere hog in body as well as in mind. Gustavus (III) of Sweden, and Joseph (II) of Austria, were really crazy, and George (III) of England, you know, was in a straight waistcoat. There remained, then, none but old Catharine, who had been too lately picked up to have lost her common sense. . . . These animals had become without mind and powerless; and so will every hereditary monarch be after a few generations. . . . And so endeth the book of Kings, from all of whom the Lord deliver us.

From this political caldron of corruptions emerged the colonization of America. Thus, the new shores were colonized by self-reliant people, inspired by a desire for personal liberty, religious tolerance, and complete political independence.

With such a background, it is only natural that the colonists welcomed the tenets of government as advocated by John Locke and James Harrington, who

Former President Truman Shakes Hand of Alger Hiss, Architect of U. N., at World Parliamentary Conference at San Francisco

embraced the doctrines of natural law, that people are endowed with certain inalienable rights; that among these are life, liberty and property; that Sovereignty resided in the people and not in the government; that magistrates were consequently the trustees of the people; and that all government is devised and maintained for the benefit of the individual, the child of God.

Consequently, the Declaration of Independence advocated and was predicated upon these basic principles, expressing such rights in the following language: "We hold these truths to be self-evident, that all men are created equal, that they are endowed by their Creator with certain inalienable rights, that among these are life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness; that to secure these rights governments are instituted among men, deriving their just powers from the consent of the governed."

IT would be well to bear in mind that the American system of government was entirely the creation of the American people, to be the American way of life; and that under the Federal Constitution one of the purposes was to eliminate the doctrine of an all-powerful legislature as well as an all-powerful executive authority.

To maintain the doctrine of the separation of powers and the principles of sovereignty as set forth in the Federal Constitution, there was incorporated in our Constitution the United States Supreme Court, with power to determine all cases arising under the Constitution and laws of the United States. The Supreme Court was set up as a bastion against the encroachment by the legislative or executive branches of the government against each other or by them both, against the sovereign rights retained by the people, and consequently to prevent any arbitrary, unlawful, or self-assumed power by either executive or legislative branches of the government.

The constitutional principles of complete sovereignty of the people and restraints on governmental power and that Federal government existed on the basis of a grant of powers by the people were thereafter in substance respected until the inception of the twentieth century. Under the protection of these principles and the establishment of this dual system of government, the United States became the freest and the most stable government in the world. The liberty enjoyed by the citizens of this country was unequaled and unparalleled from the earliest records of organized society, dating back at least 4,000 years B.C.

However, since the turn of the century the people of this country have been seeing and experiencing an erosion and bankruptcy of constitutional principles that seem to have been energetically and increasingly motivated during the last few years. While all constitutional pillars seem to have been the object of relentless attack, it would seem that the advocates of utopian government have particularly singled out the treaty provisions of the Federal Constitution as the "Trojan horse" or "Achilles' heel" with which to devastate and consume all constitutional safeguards.

The holding of the Supreme Court in *Missouri* vs. *Holland*, 253 U.S. 416, in 1921, saw one culmination of this constitutional erosion. In this case the court held in substance that if the United States government does not have the power delegated to it under the Constitution to make laws with respect to certain subjects (powers reserved to the people under the Tenth Amendment), this power can be acquired by first making a treaty upon the subject with a foreign power or powers, and then supplementing the treaty by domestic legislation if it is not already covered in the treaty itself. In analyzing this doctrine it is clear to see that the Supreme Court has enunciated a doctrine of unlimited power and a doctrine that vitiates and destroys all reserved rights of the states. In doing so, it obviously nullifies the Tenth Amendment itself, and in doing this it is apparent that no other amendment or article of the Constitution can be considered secure. By this ruling it has created, by implication, a power beyond the control of the Constitution which removes from the Federal legislature the express restrictions placed thereon. It has emasculated all of the safeguards that were set forth in the document to protect individual rights and to guard against arbitrary governmental acts.

AS a result of this holding and subsequent holdings, the power of the United Nations over the external as well as internal affairs of the citizens of this country is absolute if a treaty (or executive agreement) is made by the United States with the United Nations or any other nation in respect to such affairs. It may be mentioned in passing that the proposed covenant on human rights, drafted by the Commission on Human Rights of the United Nations, basically affects and changes our concepts of religious freedom, freedom of speech and press, and generally what is termed the Bill of Rights. And it is well to mention that the Commission has specifically refused to adopt in the proposed covenant a guarantee of the fundamental American principle of private ownership of property. In addition to this there are many other treaties and covenants proposed by the various other agencies of the United Nations, all stultifying, changing, and nullifying basic American constitutional principles.

Since the Supreme Court in *Missouri* vs. *Holland*, *supra*, and subsequent "treaty" cases (*U.S.* vs. *Pink*, 315 U.S. 203 (1942); *Valentine* vs. *U.S.*, 299 U.S. 5 (1936); *Asakura* vs. *Seattle*, 265 U.S. 332 (1924) has reaffirmed and rededicated the principle that treaties and executive agreements constitute the supreme law of the land, it is most apparent that if adequate constitutional prohibitions are not immediately enacted into our Constitution, the erosion and degeneration of legal principles that is now in progress will culminate in the complete disintegration, atrophy and decay of our form of government, and every vestige of inde-

(See CONSTITUTIONAL EROSION, *Page 32)*

The First American Congress Prayed for Guidance that Our Government Would be Sustained

THIS is an expose—an expose of the Communist. Because you, American citizens, are involved, as we'll presently see. It will horrify you. But the scandal of it will also be a lesson proving one of the most potent ways in which the Communist conspiracy has successfully colored your thinking and led you around by the nose. Their purpose is your own destruction.

What is the Communist conspiracy? Texas defined it first when Governor Allen Shivers signed into immediate law, April 15, 1954, an anti-Communist bill

AMERICANS, ALERT!

By BARRY STORM

which baldly states in essence that membership is *prima facie* evidence of intention to overthrow the government. It outlaws all forms of subversive activities, provides fines up to $20,000 and prison terms up to twenty years for conviction of being a member of the Communist Party or any related organization. During the Korean War, when General MacArthur could have blown Moscow—and Communism—off the face of the earth with a few well-placed atom bombs, millions of Americans fell for the Communist-sponsored peace crusades voicing dismay at the possible use of such a weapon. Is your signature on the rolls of any related red organization which promoted the "peace crusade"?

Don't yawn yet! Communists and their related organizations have a hundred per cent batting average in the eventual use of violence, not only in overthrowing governments, but in ruthlessly exterminating afterwards any opposition to Communism. World conquest is a necessary instrument to the security of Communism. And the Texas bill was passed while the United States—victimized again by Communist propaganda—was still officially worrying about the "constitutional rights" of Communists! Was this worry a reflection of your "salted" opinions?

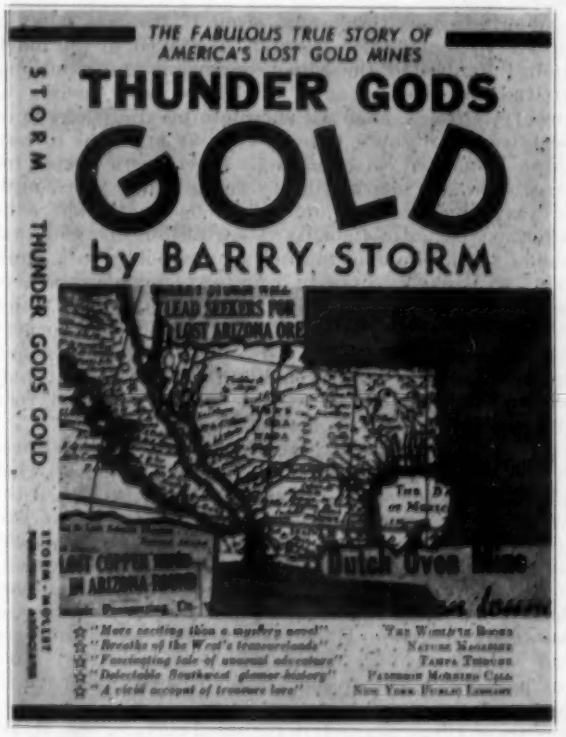
The Texas bill and its accompanying publicity plainly labelled the Communist conspiracy for what it is. The political wishes of seven million-odd people could hardly be ignored. By August the United States Senate had approved a bill which would make it a crime to belong to the Communist Party provided a person committed an overt act while a party member. In the light of what we now know, one could hardly be a member without automatically conspiring to commit an overt act. That is the purpose of Communism. That is the eventual purpose of all organizations related to Communism whether some fellow travelers know it or not.

But since the Smith Act of 1940 had long since made it a crime to conspire to overthrow the government, and since the purpose of Communism became publicly obvious by 1947 at the latest, when President Truman dispatched aid to Greece and Turkey for the specific purpose of halting Communist aggression there, it became plainly evident that law enforcement was lax in expression of your salted opinions, and that something else was needed. And at last the Congress passed as a compromise by an overwhelming 305 to 2 vote the bill that legally declared the Communist party an instrumentality of a conspiracy to overthrow the United States. With the main issue defined, President Eisenhower had by September 3rd signed legislation authorizing even the death penalty for peacetime spying. At long last our red allies—who had slyly waited until we had dropped the first atom bomb to enter on our side—were recognized for what they had been all along—a ruthless enemy dedicated to world conquest. No matter what else is said, history verifies this one inescapable fact.

World conquest, then, is the eventual purpose of all related red organizations.

How does this affect you? Far more than you know. Millions fall for related peace crusades, petitions for this or that, financial or active support of some "front," and the never-ending propaganda efforts of 25,000 currently operating Communist cells. And all this in spite of the fact that any of these Communist manifestations constitute legally now, and in actual fact at any time, overt acts against the security of the United States—against your security. The most dangerous of these overt acts is the propaganda against which you can protect yourself only by a full understanding of its methods and purposes.

American investigators and writers have been exposing for many years the various forms these propaganda activities take, from the use of many misguided clergy, labor union leaders, and infiltrated schools to the socialistic lies which are hammered into millions through the press, radio, books, TV and movies. Each hard-core Communist of the known 25,000 cells has ten or more "fellow-travelers"—a term we may now reappraise in the light of the purpose of the Communist conspiracy. Each of these has in turn probably that many more sympathizers in greater or lesser degree until the circle so widens that any of



Storm's Book "Thunder God's Gold," Factual Story of Lost Mine Tradition Which He Charges Was Perverted in Movies.

us—even you—may unknowingly be a "contact" of a Communist unit.

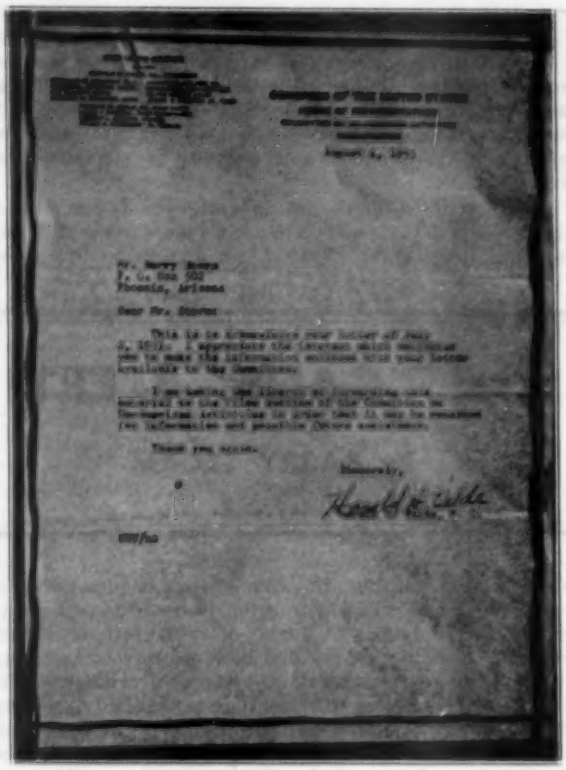
Slowly but surely the propaganda seeps through, in almost every state, town, and community. This propaganda, as silly as some of it seems, follows every Communist party line effort, from that of arousing opposition to government policies which might thwart the Soviet to all-out propaganda bombs fired with great accuracy at some specific objective at a time of great peril to the progress of Communism.

I was the victim of such a propanganda bomb, as I have written in my book "I Was Swindled by Red Movie Makers." It deals with the movie, "Lust For Gold," manufactured to Communist specifications by a leading motion picture corporation. To all appearances it was merely the true history of a major and well-known mining tradition, the Lost Dutchman mine in Arizona's famed Superstition mountains, told in mythical "documentary" form by the "grandson" of the historical "Dutchman." It amounts to an open invitation to come to Phoenix to search for some twenty millions in Spanish-mined gold. The basic facts are certified as true by a letter upon official Arizona State stationery, prominently displayed in the movie. How could this be Communist propaganda?

YOU'LL learn your first lesson when you now find out that I haven't the slightest family connection with the storied "Dutchman" or his gold, that I was secretly written into the movie without my consent or previous knowledge, and that I promptly tried to sue for criminal libel upon discovering the misuse made of my name. You wouldn't know until now that all the "historical truth" assertions were actually false advertising. Even the certifying letter signed by an Arizona official was obtained by deliberate misrepresentations made to him by a representative of the movie firm.

What do you think now, even if the treatment of prospectors and their methods displayed in the movie hadn't implanted the same conclusion and emotional attitude in you—that if it's false, and there's no twenty millions, then all such mining traditions must be false. And you'll never give your approval to anything connected with mining. Whether the utter impossibility of twenty millions being mined in a couple of years by frontier hand methods finally sinks in, whether you go to Phoenix to search for this gold, ask one of the millions of mining men or hobby rock hunters who probably lives in your own neighborhood, or consult my book, "Thunder God's Gold," upon which the movie was blamed, and you'll discover the forgery upon the most casual inquiry. The purpose becomes apparent when you also realize that within that year we were in a shooting war in Korea, and you read about the shortages of ammunition.

Had it not been largely for the public exposures by the House Committee on Un-American Activities a few years ago—and to which I recently furnished the results of my own investigations as a citizen who had been swindled by the pro-red movie makers—you might now be spending most of your movie entertainment money for Communist propaganda. For it developed that propaganda was one of the major purposes of the Communists in Hollywood. They easily infiltrate and reinfiltrate over again simply because they have not been permanently identified for what they are in the movies which glamorize them. You'll remember that these slimy characters included certain producers, directors, writers and actors—those who shape the story lines and define the type of production which a movie is to take. Unfortunately, and also partly as



Barry Storm Turns Over Files on Communism in Movies to Congressional Committee.

an expression of your salted opinions and the pressure of pro-Communist groups, these investigations have been toned down.

Meanwhile, you were salted on the idea that left-wingers and fellow-travelers certainly had the "constitutional right" to express their own opinions. There was much hue and cry about "thought control," about the "breaching of civil rights." As an American used to expressing your own opinions freely—a few of which may also be the opinions of Communists—you tended to defend any one's right to talk, no matter how obnoxious you personally considered their ideas in sum total. Their propaganda preyed upon your inborn American instincts with emotional appeals for freedom of speech, which prevented you from thinking things over.

When you refuse to think, you are led about by the nose. Remember, Communism is not a difference of environment, education and experience resulting in differences of opinion between hide-bound and devout religion and atheistic liberalism. It is not a difference of opinion between various segments of American Society whose economic needs and ways of life are different. Communism is a fact—a totalitarian form of government dedicated to world conquest for its own security. All the other specious arguments for or against something else are merely used as a smokescreen to divide and conquer, to enlist the aid of one group in destroying another. American Communists by their very activities are international Communists. They serve their foreign master.

The Communist party and its fellow travelers haven't changed. They've merely been officially recognized as an instrumentality of a conspiracy to destroy

(See AMERICANS ALERT, *Page 30)*

THE "AMERICAN HERITAGE" PROJECT

By JO HINDMAN

THE AMERICAN Library Association (A.L.A.) celebrated its 75th anniversary by stepping from its traditional book-custodian role to foster a propaganda circuit known as the American Heritage Project (A.H.P.). In late 1955, the library-centered project is starting its fifth year of ALA-sponsored activity, operating from headquarters at 50 East Huron Street, Chicago.

Ford Foundation, through its adjunct Fund for Adult Education, supplies the money that sustains the American Heritage Project nationally; but each project locally enjoys Ford patronage for only a limited length of time, after which unsuspecting taxpayers are burdened with the bill. Head librarians in project areas supply the public's libraries as meeting sites for the AHP discussion groups and help recruit individuals to be groomed into group discussion leaders.

The idea of the American Heritage Project is to gather lay people into groups moderated by a leader to "discuss the problems of today in the light of basic documents, ideas, and experiences which constitute our American heritage." Such discussion used as a medium in search of truth would certainly be commendable; used as a medium for propaganda, it strikes at the heart of American national security.

In its four years of existence, the project has earned an unsavory reputation; the gravest charge lodged against it concerns the airing of false propaganda. Let the typical experience of Mrs. I. T. in a project meeting speak for itself:

"Under the guise of examining whether or not present day Americans are enjoying the rights guaranteed them by the Constitution and the Bill of Rights," Mrs. T. relates, "the project leader asked the group to consider the effect of freedom of speech in relation to the decision handed down by the court in the case of *Dennis et al* vs. *The United States*. In a former meeting, the leader had pointed out that reading assignments were not requirements, but merely aids to fuller participation. It was not surprising, therefore, to find that only one member had read the assignment, pages 175-191 in Bishop and Hendel's *Basic Issues of American Democracy*. As that one member, I was asked to read the minority opinion in the case (*Dennis et al* vs. *The United States*). This case came to trial under Judge Harold Medina and ran for nine months, six of which were spent in taking testimony. After conditioning us by ignoring the majority opinion, the Leader asked our group whom he knew had not read the assignment: "Now, what do you think of that! In a country where freedom of speech is guaranteed by the Constitution, people are being put in jail merely for 'meeting in each other's houses and discussing books.'"

"At the end of the meeting, I asked several who had expressed their shock at such alleged tyranny on the part of our government if they were aware of the identity of the Dennis who was vs. The United States. Finding that they were not, I opened a book and turned to a picture of Eugene Dennis, one-time Communist party leader photographed with ten other leading Communists whose trial we had been discussing. The book was *I Led Three Lives* by Herbert Philbrick whose identity as an undercover agent for the F. B. I. was uncovered at the trial of *Dennis* vs. *The United States* in order to secure the conviction of Dennis and his accomplices—the men that the American Heritage Project leader had painted as 'men meeting in each other's houses simply to read books.'"

This twisting of the truth is rooted in American Heritage Project directives. Influential persons within the project are those commissioned to "train" people to become "discussion leaders." However, a propect spokesman complains that ". . . no short training course can make significant changes in the habits and behavior of adults whose whole life has been shaped by other forces." Does he lament the force of American patriotism that resents slurs against the United States? Or does the project spokesman's remark leave open a convenient door for the escape of American Library Association's responsibility when one of its discussion leaders, as in the foregoing incident, is exposed Red-handed? Evidence in the form of project discussion materials may supply the answer.

Lists of project reading materials contain but a scant trace of the original philosophy of American liberty, and this trace is only "bait." To illustrate, The Declaration of Independence, The Constitution of the United States, and the Bill of Rights are featured on handouts to attract neophytes to the project, while the basic project textbook, *Living Ideas in America*, a symposium edited by Henry Steele Commager, reeks with socialism and the mental mildew put forth by one-worlders, internationalists, Communist-fronters, and other leftists. Also loudly ballyhooed in project liter-

"Happy in the confirmation of our independence and sovereignty, and pleased with the opportunity offered the United States of becoming a respectable nation, I resign with satisfaction the appointment I accepted with diffidence—a diffidence in my abilities to accomplish so arduous a task."—George Washington, December 23, 1783.

"This lovely land, this glorious liberty, these benign institutions, the dear purchase of our fathers, are ours; ours to enjoy, ours to preserve, ours to transmit. Generations past, and generations to come, hold us responsible for this sacred trust. . . . We can never pay the debt which is upon us, but by virtue, by morality, by religion, by the cultivation of every good principle and every good habit, we may enjoy the blessing through our day, and leave it unimpaired to our children."—Daniel Webster.

ature is the book, *This American People*, by American Library Association-subsidized G. W. Johnson.

Persons attending project meetings maneuvered by "discussion skills" have been shocked to hear the founding fathers disparaged, with historical facts distorted and a false stress laid on "what's wrong" with the United States.

Certainly one would suppose that the sponsoring American Library Association has no sympathy with alien ideology. What, then, is the reason for the point of view in project compilation? The reason, apparently, is because certain project people believe in their point of view, but as it is shunned by alert Americans, the American Heritage Project planners dare not to commit themselves! Instead, they play the project's game of blind man's bluff. Beckoning for all to join in, the American Heritage Project planners pontifically assume that "the all-powerful idea and the final truth will probably not be found in our time," they declare in project instructions "that no book or film is an authority in the discussion," and that leaders must avoid "selecting materials whose extreme statement of viewpoint will antagonize . . . thinking" because "agreement and consensus are not the goal of American Heritage discussions."

Another ground rule drilled into discussion leaders instructs: "You will probably comment . . . that no one is an 'authority'—all are authorities as citizens in a democracy."

In blunt contradiction, the next directive sets up an oligarchy in the class group by summarily stating, "The interests of the group must be reflected in the program, but a false 'democracy' should not permit the group to fashion a program that does not follow the principles of sound programming." And, "Remember that to underestimate the strength of the group will be as dangerous as to overestimate it. Here is where a small planning group will help you check your guess against the facts. Know as much as you can about the interests and capacities of your group before putting your American Heritage program in final form."

Books, pamphlets, and films are bases for project discussons, but the "bait" books included in project bibliographies can be slyly by-passed by "discussion techniques" in favor of project pets, such as the Johnson and Commager texts and the easily run films. The Report on Tax-Exempt Foundations, (chairman Congressman Carroll Reece) House Report No. 2681 comments: 'The (AHP) material in the hands of this committee is not exhaustive, but it appears to lean heavily to civil liberties, political and social action, and international world politics. . . In addition to the fact that the preponderance of current authors are definitely not of the conservative point of view (and many of them . . . have citations of various degrees) the films suggested as part of these joint presentations are even more radical and contentious. There seems little justification for the use of any of the films mentioned here, even if they were balanced by an equal number of innocuous ones—which is not the case. When the nature of the films is considered in the light of some of the personalities associated with the project and with the films, this committee questions the objectivity and the good faith of those responsible for the selection of individuals and discussion material."

Typical of the films used by the project is "Brotherhood of Man" based on the pamphlet "Races of Mankind" written by Ruth Benedict and Gene Weltfish, noted Red-fronters. The pamphlet was withdrawn from the Armed Forces educational program as unfit, but the AHP persists in showing the film to groups assembled by the money of a tax-exempt foundation (money belonging to the American public), in some of the library buildings supported by tax dollars levied directly against the American citizen's pocket.

Other films admired by AHP are "The Cummington Story," by Waldo Salt, fifth amendment witness; "The House I Live In," by Albert Maltz, cited for contempt for refusing to answer questions regarding his alleged Communist Party record; "Of Human Rights," propagandizing the Universal Declaration of Human Rights; "The Challenge," a distorted, deceptive film intended to develop the theme that the guarantee of "life, liberty, and the pursuit of happiness" is denied to Negroes and other minorities in the United States. "Such presentations as these," said the Reece committee, "cannot be called educational. . . They deliberately seek to stress 'what's wrong' in present and past group relations rather than provide facts for objective discussion of such relations and ignore the fact that here in the United States can be found the outstanding example of liberty in action in the world today."

American Heritage weasels who profess not to stand for anything while muttering their point of view from the other side of the mouth are keenly interested in attracting recruits to their game, young people especially. An outgrowth of this effort is the Project's YAP (Young Adult Program) already established in eleven States. Coming away from this course, a young adult said, "I do not say that we have solved a single problem of prejudice, or national unity, or international relations; but I do say that we have gained a deeper insight into the minds of our neighbors and friends and, through this sharing of opinions, have clarified our ideas and in some instances changed our way of thinking."

American willingness to discuss all sorts of issues epitomizes American liberty, but some educated Americans forget that Red revolutionaries do not advance toward their goal through orderly debate and discussion, but by deliberate techniques of propaganda. Familiar Red techniques are: (1) To sell Communism and Socialism under false and sometimes innocuous labels, (2) To dupe respectable people into the Red-peddling, and (3) To dilute the propaganda so that the

(See AMERICAN HERITAGE, *Page 32)*

COMING FEATURES
In The National Republic

CHRISTMAS IN THE SAWGRASS
THE FIRST CHRISTMAS OF THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION
A SOVIET CHILD AT OUR LORD'S CHRISTMAS PARTY
THE COMMUNIST WEB
SOVIET FILM PROPAGANDA
THE OPPORTUNITIES AROUND US
FORMULA FOR POLITICAL CONSTANCY
WASHINGTON'S MOST HISTORIC SQUARE
SOCIALIST ATTACK ON AMERICAN SYSTEM
WHAT HAPPENED JANUARY 16, 1893?

THE ENEMY WITHIN OUR GATES

(Continued from Page 10)

Fund is there a hint that the objectives of Communists include the destruction of all civil liberties."

It adds "Hutchins has never at any time shown the slightest interest in or concern over Communist subversion."

Reds Praise Stevenson and Blast Nixon

The Communist Party, sweating under federal legislation and in ill-repute because of the traitorious activities of its leaders, is the cause of considerable concern in the field of politics today because of the $64 question—where will those votes and their militant support go?

Obviously they will not go to the Republican Party, whose leaders have been so outspoken against Communism and which has chided the Democrats for permitting Reds to infiltrate government agencies under two previous administrations. The Democrats look on Reds now as a political liability, fearing that in some of the more heavily populated areas like in New York City, Cleveland, Los Angeles, Chicago and Detroit the Communists could throw their support and claim credit for the victory of some liberal Democrat. After the Communist Party was forced off the ballot in New York the great Red political bloc of votes went to the American Labor Party. The latter Party has now lost its official status, having failed to meet the requirements of the State law, but it continues to operate as a vote directing organization.

Tammany's leader, and supporter of Averill Harriman for President, Carmine G. De Sapio, has warned that the Communist Party, through the Communist Daily Worker, has undertaken "an all-out and comprehensive campaign to enroll in either of the major parties this year."

Such support might prove embarrassing to Adlai Stevenson should he decide to make the Democratic convention run for President. The Reds are already giving Stevenson first consideration with Kefauver a second in favoritism. A recent Red utterance in the August 19, 1955, edition of the "Cominform Bulletin" said "Labor should also use its influence in the Democratic Party . . . and win support for positive proposals like those recently made by Adlai Stevenson . . . Such activity is also an indispensable part of the efforts to assure a constructive outcome of the 1956 election." Local Red organs are favoring Stevenson and Kefauver in their news columns.

Liberal Party Joins Leftist Folds

In New York City's election, where registrations have been watched for indications as to where the Red voters will land, attention is also being given to the Liberal Party, headed by Professor George S. Counts, former American Labor Party chairman and textbook author. His name has been connected with many organizations and movements branded as Communistic or Communist dominated. He has been listed as affiliated with the American Russian Institute, the National Religion and Labor Foundation, lecturer in "Soviet Russia Today"; National Committee for Defense of Political Prisoners, Friends of the Soviet Union, American Committee for Protection of Foreign Born, American League Against War and Fascism, American Student Union, Commonwealth College, American Youth Congress, League for Industrial Democracy and many others. He has been generous with his praise for the Soviet Union. The Liberal Party claimed credit for throwing the balance of votes needed that elected Averil Harriman to the Governorship. Many local Democrats cross filed in the Liberal Party in recent November New York City elections.

United Press Photo

Scene of Revolution in Argentina Which Resulted in Overthrow of Dictator Peron.

This group, whose ultra liberal ideas lean toward the Democratic Party of recent years, is dressing up its appeal to intellectuals and trade unionists.

With the recent illness of President Eisenhower provoking speculation on the Republican candidate, the Reds have turned their big smear guns on their ultra foe, Vice President Richard Nixon, who has been mentioned as a possible candidate for the Presidency should Mr. Eisenhower decide not to run for the Republican nomination.

Nixon Ripped Open the Hiss Affair

Nixon as a member of the House Un-American Activities Committee did much to rip the mask from the Red scheme here in this country and then as Vice President he has continued to exert his influence to get Reds out of the Federal Government. Therefore it was not unexpected when the Communist Daily Worker recently printed an editorial under the big heading "Stop Nixon." And the author of the editorial? None other than William Z. Foster, head of the Party, who is under indictment for conspiracy to advocate the violent overthrow of our country. He has thus far es-

United Press Photo

Costa Rican Government Captures Arm Caches in Recent Raids. Guns Reported to Have Been En Route to Nicaraguan Radicals.

caped federal court trial on the plea of illness. Many of his cohorts indicted with him have been convicted and have served or are serving sentences in the federal penitentiary.

Nixon's greatest offenses, in the eyes of Comrade Foster, were his part in exposing Alger Hiss and the investigations leading to breaking the Red thievery of our atomic secrets for Russia. The latter involved the Rosenbergs with the Red Spy rings in one of the most traitorous acts in the annals of American history.

Red Foster says of the Vice President, "Nixon has especially distinguished himself in the ranks of the cultivators of anti-Red hysteria, one of his big achievements being the Alger Hiss frame-up. He is an outstanding figure in the attack upon the Bill of Rights, two of the most noteworthy results of which were the barbaric execution of the Rosenbergs and the wholesale kangerooing of Communist leaders to jail."

What he didn't say was that the Vice President had no part in the trials of Hiss, Rosenbergs or the Red leaders, that they were convicted by juries under the American public court trial system and were permitted to exhaust all channels of appeals through our courts.

Joining in the smear drive against Vice President Nixon, is the Americans For Democratic Action, the CIO-PAC, and other leftist movements. The ADA in return is receiving special news column favoritism by the Communist organs.

California Comments Before Supreme Court

The U. S. Supreme Court has agreed to review the conviction of 14 west coast Communist Party leaders who were found guilty of violating the Smith Act after a lengthy trial in 1952. They include William Schneiderman, Communist Party chairman for California; Oleta O'Connor Yates, Northern California Party secretary, and Al Richmond, editor of the Peoples Daily World, west coast Communist organ.

They claimed in their appeal that no evidence had been submitted to prove that they had plotted a violent revolution, as charged.

The court denied Harry Bridges, International Longshoremen's Union, permission to file a brief in the case in behalf of the Communists. A group of California Methodist ministers have filed a brief in behalf of these Communists.

Ford Foundation Snoopers

Ford Foundation funds, which finances the controversial Fund For The Republic, have been used by the Dean of the University of Chicago Law School to plant hidden microphones in federal jury rooms, and this has set off a furor that will prompt federal legislation with respect to federal courts and possibly impeachment proceedings. Robert Hutchins, head of the Fund For The Republic, was formerly head of the University of Chicago.

Dean Edward H. Levi, who has admitted membership in the National Lawyers Guild and that he had joined a group of attorneys signing a release assailing the House Committee on Un-American Activities as a "spy hunting group," headed up the eavesdropping project.

Associated with him was Prof. Harry Kalven, Jr., who directed the project. Kalven admitted he sent an appeal to President Truman asking clemency for the Rosenbergs, notorious atom spies who were executed for their crime against the United States. In fact he

United Press Photo

Costa Rican Communists Agitate and Organize Banana Workers Strike. President Figueres Charges Red Domination of the Workers Union.

signed two appeals in behalf of the traitors. Furthermore he admitted speaking at agitational and propaganda rallies in behalf of the Rosenbergs.

The jury eavesdropping project was undertaken in the name of "research," and Dean Levi said it was a part of a legal study costing $1,400,000 financed by the Ford Foundation now offering Ford motor stocks for sale to raise more funds for what?

The snooping of University of Chicago Law School "researchers" came into the open before the Senate Internal Security Committee where it was disclosed hidden microphones had been placed in jury rooms in the Wichita, Kans., federal building in connection with five civil cases.

Dean Levi defended his use of the hidden microphones as a legitimate part of the Ford Foundation "research project," adding it had the approval of the federal judge and attorneys involved. The judge denies this.

Sen. James O. Eastland, committee chairman, quickly denounced the action in scathing terms and said "The fact is, you have violated the very reason we have secret deliberations by the jury."

It is rumored in Washington that impeachment proceedings may be brought against the judge who allegedly permitted the wire snooping of the jury room

United Press Photo

Mrs. Erika Glasser Wallach, Who Disappeared Behind Iron Curtain, Having Difficulty in Obtaining Visa to Return to Her Family in U.S.A.

proceedings, but he has since stated publicly that he had not agreed to such and had not known of the actions until recently. There is also talk of possible prosecution of the snoopers under charges of contempt of court.

Reds Abetted By Intellectuals

In a somewhat precedent-breaking action, the U. S. Supreme Court has permitted the filing of a petition by 360 persons, many of them prominent leftist ministers and educators, asking the 1950 Internal Security Act be declared unconstitutional. The law has been heralded as the most powerful weapon yet adopted to break the backbone of the subversive movement in this country. In the past the court has not looked with favor on the filing of such petitions by persons appearing as "friends of the court," when such persons are not directly involved in the case at issue.

In this instance, the Communist Party had asked the Supreme Court to hold unconstitutional the subversives activities control law, more commonly referred to as the McCarran act. The act was sponsored in Congress by the late Sen. McCarran, Nevada Democrat. It passed both houses of Congress and was enacted over the veto of President Truman.

In its 270 page brief, the Communist Party calls it "an enabling act for the establishment of a totalitarian state." The Communist Party was cited by the Subversives Activities Control Board, under the act, as a subversive organization and it is required to file annual reports together with lists of its members. The Red Party petition claims the party leaders have no way of knowing whom to register. It denies advocating the overthrow of our Government by force and violence although its top leaders in our country have already been convicted in federal courts under another act (Smith Act) of Congress for advocating this very thing.

Rushing in as "friends of the court" the 360 petitioners join the Communists in seeking to have the law declared unconstitutional. They claim that they want to show "the evils of the act from the point of view of the non-Communist." They refrain from classifying themselves as "anti-Communist."

Joint All-Out Attack on Security Law

They claim the McCarran act "represses the organizational activities of non-Communist Americans wherever they are found to have associated with the Communists for any purpose, however innocent, to have collaborated with the Communists for the attainment of any objective, however lawful and proper, or to have agreed with the Communists concerning ideas and policies, even though the points of agreement may have been very remote."

Michigan's newly elected U. S. Senator Patrick McNamara, supported by the CIO-Ruether Auto Union, and whose name was on the list, seemed a little confused over his signing. When the petition was filed and publicly announced he was reported as telling a Detroit reporter that he had "no recollection of signing such a brief and would never knowingly do anything to help Communism." Subsequently something appears to have refreshed his memory, and he is quoted as saying "I was happy on this occasion to join with a group of public spirited citizens, who, while they make no defense of the Communist Party, are deeply concerned about the liberties of the American people."

Among the other 360 signers were Henry Seidel Canby, of the Saturday Review; Rev. Henry Hitt Crane, of Detroit; Robert W. Davidson, president of Westminster College; Yehudi Menuhin, the violinist; Prof. Linus Pauling, of Cal Tech; Prof. John Peters, of Yale; Deems Taylor, composer, and Prof. Harold C. Urey, Chicago University scientist.

United Press Photo

U.S.A. Passport Division in Washington, D. C., a Busy Place for Checking Records of Incoming and Outgoing Aliens and Tourists.

District Federal Court To Sit In Contempt

When the Federal court in the District of Columbia opened the fall term of court recently its docket included ten contempt cases based on refusal of witnesses to answer questions on Communism put to them by Congressional Committees.

These include Mrs. Millie Markison, of Silver Spring, Md., Lawrence Baker Arguimbau, of Cambridge, Mass., Barrows Dunham, of Cynwyd, Pa., Marcus Singer, 30, Ithaca, N. Y., Bernard Deutch, Philadelphia, Pa., Goldie Watson, Philadelphia, Lloyd Barenblatt, Pleasant Valley, N. Y., Norton A. Russell, Yellow Springs, O., Diantha Hoag, of Buffalo, N. Y., and Harvey O'Connor, the leftist author.

The case which will attract even greater attention is that of Aldo L. Icardi, charged with perjury. He is accused of lying about the "cloak and dagger" case in

United Press Photo

Peter A. Pirogov (left), Critical of U.S.A. Government for Delay in Granting Him Citizenship. Should be Thankful for Great Gift.

the slaying of Maj. William V. Holohan in World War II.

More Red Cells In Government

A full scale investigation of Communist cells in government has been on for some weeks and hearings will begin soon by the House Committee on Un-American Activities, Rep. Francis Walter, committee chairman has announced. He reports that the Committee's preliminary investigation indicates that ten, as yet undisclosed, Red cells existed in the U.S. Senate, the War Labor Board and the National Labor Relations Board and in other divisions of the government, with some government employees as members of the secret cells.

Prof. Herbert Fuchs, an attorney presently engaged in private practice in Washington, D. C., and a member of the law faculty of American University, has secretly testified to the House Committee that he was a Communist from 1934 to 1946 during which time he was employed by a Senate committee, the National Labor Relations Board and the War Labor Board. His evidence given in closed session of the Committee is to be the backbone of the new exposures. On the second of two appearances before the Committee Fuchs reportedly named many government employees who had been Communists with him in Washington, D. C.

The executive committee of the American University Board of Trustees has as a result of Dr. Fuch's voluntary testimony, recommended that he be dropped from the Faculty. There has been no clamor by the American Civil Liberties Union, CIO, Americans For Democratic Action or "liberal" educators and ministers to defend the professor from being ousted by the University. Evidently the "liberals" feel it unimportant, since he is an anti-Communist and claimed no Fifth Amendment protection.

Does The American Farmer Forget?

Now that the leftists have armed themselves with the key control posts in most of the powerful labor unions, particularly those which have been under CIO control, and are now moving in on the American Federation of Labor in a planned combine of most of the labor unions of the country this December, the most militant of the leaders are planning to go all-out politically, in an effort to capture control of the government.

The entire plot was hatched in the conspiring mind of the Russian born extremist, Sidney Hillman, who in consort with the Communist leaders of America, saw the easiest way to the possible control of the United States government, was a long ranged program, instead of the sudden uprising for its violent overthrow. Back in the 1922 proceedings of Hillman's Union convention, he asked Russia to wait, the time was not right for a move to consolidate the Unions into "One Big Union." Political action was planned. His answer was to a cablegram of greeting and persuasion from Moscow.

Samuel Gompers was too wise for the Reds, and admonished labor to have no part in either industrial or political unionism. He had fought trusts in industry and had succeeded in having laws enacted to protect the worker and the public from powerful combinations. He had seen a one big labor federation die by the roadside, because it had become politically powerful and ruthless in union demands. In fact it was on the ruins of that federation that the A.F. of L. was born. William Green surrounded himself with Gompers men, and he too stayed clear of a labor union trust and political machine. Unions under Gompers' and Green's leadership and policies made great strides for the workers without injuring the remaining public.

Hillman had other ideas, he pressed for industrial unionism, plotted the "One Big Union" and laid the ground work for what is fast becoming a highly organized labor union trust and a political implement. Under the CIO, the leadership has gone wild with power, economically and politically. But the late Senator Taft proved that the membership, if rightly approached would express themselves in a sound manner, regardless of pressure from the top.

CIO-PAC Baiting Farm Voters

The C.I.O. leaders find that they do not yet have sufficient power to completely control or win an election; only enough to defeat candidates or to throw an election. So they are moving rapidly into the rural areas, feeling if they can pick off the farmer vote for 1956, by propaganda and agitational methods, they will be able to form a "Workers and Farmers" political alliance, such as set off the bloody Russian revolution, under which their founder, Sidney Hillman grew up.

The rapidly advancing labor union pay scales, to which are added the many fringe benefits, have sent prices skyward for what the farmer must buy for himself. This plus the inflation created by the C.I.O. supported New Deal, followed by the Fair Deal, and which inflation the present Administration has not yet been able to completely retard, has put the farmer and general public outside the labor unions, in a desperate spot economically. The average man and women has been

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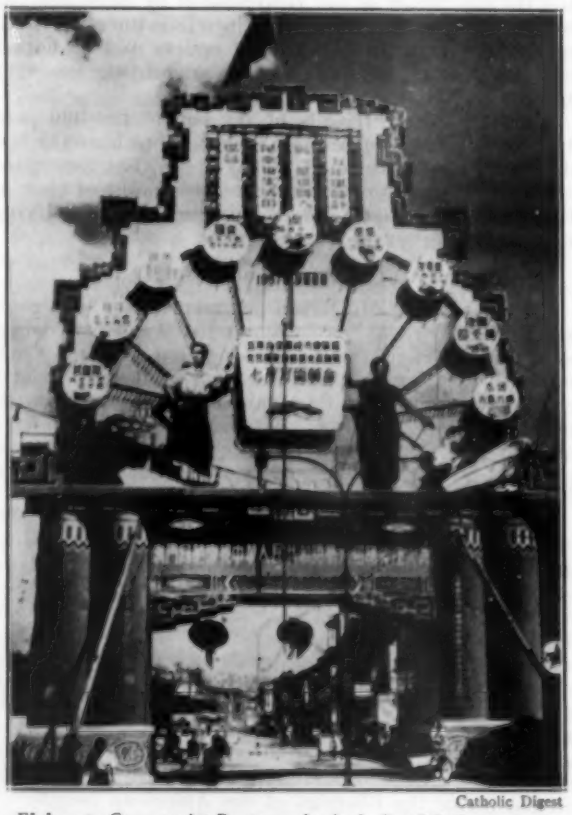

Catholic Digest

Elaborate Communist Propaganda Arch, Set Off Government Planned Celebration of Sixth Anniversary of So-called "Chinese Peoples Republic."

COMMUNIST MENACE ABROAD

By PAUL R. BISH

Mr. Bish

American authorities are rightly concerned over the post-Summit turn of events throughout the world. Russia, with its broad smile and air of conciliation at Geneva, (this new tactic swept many statesmen off their feet, and caused millions of peoples throughout the world to feel more hopeful for world peace and cooperation) as usual had a pro-Red political purpose behind it.

Instead of the iron fisted, scowling attitude as used in the past, to which peoples, reacted with fear and hate, the new look has worked in Russia's favor. The smile and humble act, rehearsed before the diplomats left Moscow, fooled the non-Communist power of the world and have unquestionably lost considerable ground since the Summit meeting in Geneva last summer.

We have lost face and ground in Europe, the Middle East, the Far East and in Africa.

Officials cite these countries as having backed away from the Western powers and gone partially, if not fully, to the pro-Red influence in world affairs: Egypt, India, Japan, Burma, North Vietnam, part of Pakistan, Afganistan and Cyprus. With Syria joining the Egyptians against Israel, there is grave danger of an all-out of the Moslems, which also figured in the recent Nationalist-Communist combine victory in Vietnams September election.

To further complicate the picture for the United States the real leader and provider of means to contain the Communists, France has become embrawled in colonial problems with war for independence raging in Algeria and Morroco. This weakens France for any Red challenge to the non-Communist bloc elsewhere. French Communists are taking advantage of the situation and trouble is expected in France proper. Meantime the Saar situation has reappeared to unsettle German-French relations. The voters of the Saar balloted down the proposal for international control over the Saar in October. West Germany's Adenauer Administration, which supported the proposal for European unity purposes, may be ousted as a result. Meantime a new political party (Peoples Movement in Unity and Freedom), headed by the returned exile Otto Strasser, emphasizing national independence from "Wall Street" domination is catching the wide interest of the West German voters.

To add to the problems for Uncle Sam and his now rather weakened allies, Socialist Party control is rising where outright Communists cannot capture by votes. English Socialists (Labor Party) have leaned to Russia and Red China for sometime. They are particularly bitter towards USA which has saved Great Britain from wreck by money, arms and commerce. French Socialists are in the main anti-American, although not always pro-Red. The Italian Socialists are found generally fronting with the Communist Party of Italy. Its leader is in Moscow at present, evidently receiving instructions. Nehru's government of India is socialist, and has gone over lock-stock-and barrel to Russian and Red Chinese influence. The Egyptians have accepted arms from Red China recently and have en route planes, tanks and arms from Red Czechoslovakia, and with these implements of war, 300 "technicians" from Russia. Pakistan's new minister, a Socialist "United Fronter," is making overtures to Russia and China; Burma has asked Russia's aid in industrializing that country, and its Prime Minister is presently in Moscow. Afghanistan has reportedly received Czech arms recently in large quantities. Japan has succumbed to Socialist control, and its leader has let the USA know that he wants us to pull out of there army equipment and aid, at once. He is making overtures to Red China and Russia. England's Socialists are willing to recognize Red China, seat it in UN and guarantee Russia's borders, tantamount to recognition of Russia's take over of the Satellite countries.

The conservatives of England accuse the leader of the move for independence in Cyprus, Archbishop Makarios, of having solicited and gained Communist cooperation. Two of the largest cities of Cyprus are ruled by Communist mayors. England recently supported the Russian drive to seat Tito's representative in the UN Security circle, with the USA in opposition. France accuses the Reds of agitating the situation in Algeria and Morroco. Tito, dictator of Yugoslavia, for some months has been sliding over to the Indian-Russian-Red China folds.

Germany remains divided and from the present picture of international affairs it will remain so. Socialists now have the upper hand in Belgium. Austria is hog-tied to Red neutralization under its recent treaty of freedom from Russian occupation, and the reparations which indebts it to Russia for the next ten or more years. Russia is now wooing Turkey.

The government of Greece resents British and American attitude towards Cyprus and threatens unfriendly moves unless hands are off. Meantime Greece has arrested and sentenced to life imprisonment two Communist leaders who have illegally returned from forced exile. Iran has sentenced to death Morteza Yazdi former Minister of Health and founder of the Tudeh (Communist) Party, for implications in a Russian spy ring which penetrated the government and armed forces. Twenty generals were put to death as a result last year. Some 600 government employees were involved. French police have outlawed the Algerian Communist Party having found incriminating evidence and tons of propaganda in recent raids.

In the Far East, the Malayan government has accepted a Red truce overture, which will no doubt bring Communists into the government. Loatians have also agreed to an armistice with the Communists, which settles the friction by compromise in Cambodia and northern Vietnam.

Indonesians went to the polls in September and the Communists and Nationalists whose platforms were almost identical, swept the country. With the Nationalists short of a majority, it is rumored that there will be a coalition government. The Commies are reported to have polled over six million votes, making their strength the largest next to Red China and Russia in Asia. Italy has the largest Communist strength except for Yugoslavia of the European countries outside the Iron Curtain.

Reports are that the Red armies are massing in Northern Korea, and on the Formosa front in China. Danger of an all-out, Far East by Red China and Near East, if not Europe in central and western Asia and East, by pro-Soviet Moslems, in central and western Asia and Europe, by Reds and their allies, while the allied strength except for America, is so weakened, is not remote.

THE ENEMY WITHIN OUR GATES

(Continued from Page 26)

compelled to reduce his purchases of needs of life (all of which originate from mother earth and nature), because of the high cost of living, and high taxes, due to war, labor and social benefits.

Bolstering the prices of farm products may be the easiest way out for the politician, but it is the hardest way out for the average bread earner. At the most it is only a temporary solution to an economic ghost which stalks behind the scene caused by maladjustments incurred by over aggressiveness of labor leaders, and ever growing taxes resulting high cost of living.

The present day labor leader's baiting the farmer vote will in our belief not rope him into a political front with them as they have nothing in common. The National Farmers Union, the leftwing cooperatives and the farm implement unions are the adjuncts to the leftwing political moves now woven around Walter Reuther, the heir to the Hillman throne.

New Deal Planned Rural Martial Law

The first political victory for the Hillmanites was the entrenchment of radical socialists and Communists in the New Deal, as compensation for their political aid. It was under the New Deal and Fair Deal administrations that most of the farmers plights began. He was forced into regimentation or false economy. The masterminds thought they would have more difficulty than they did with the farmer in ordering him around to the Harvard boys' whims. In fact here is what the farmer may not know was in store for him if the leftist plan had not been upset by the Supreme Court rule outlawing of AAA: "Many who know farmer human nature, say the plan (New Deal regimentation) must fail—it will become obvious that nothing short of absolute dictatorship, perhaps under martial law, to limit production, will create the *artifical shortage*, which alone can prevent farm products from 'glut' and from selling for less than cost of production. And it will serve notice of this fact upon the farmer himself and place the blame for perverse action on his doorstep."

The leftists have since come to realize that while the farmer did not openly revolt against regimentation, he acquiesced to the government dictates with reluctance, so they are now advocating the opposite, not to limit production, but to underwrite over-production, at the expense of the farmer, the organized laborer and the unorganized masses, thereby maintaining an inflationary spiral, building it to new heights and planning still higher taxes. Sometime there will come a day of reckoning. The farmer knows this. He knows all that he has, his farm lands and stock, are as much at stake in a crack up, as the city man's little home, and the industrialists' holdings. But the Union leader seems unconcerned for he has piled up big rainy day funds. Billions are in the union tills to tide leaders over, and a crack up will bring the socialist dictatorship they strive for. The farmer has more in common with the mass, than he has with the labor union leader, and will no doubt act accordingly.

China Reds Take Farm Control

The farmers outside of Russia proper, those in the satellite countries, could well tell any doubting American farmer what is in store for him, if he succumbs to political dictates concerning his own affairs. The farmers of China have recently had the law laid down to them by the dictator of that "benevolent" Red "Peoples Republic." China has ordered the privately owned farms transformed into cooperatives, the first step towards complete socialization. The leftists of the United States are out to sweep New Dealism back into office. The farmer can well remember the ruthless killing of his pigs and calves, the burning of farm crops, the control placed over him from the offices of "Corn" Wallace, Rex Tugwell, Karl Reeves, John Abt,

Sioux City Journal

Moscow's Contribution Towards Easing World's Tension?

New York News

Words and Music

Alger Hiss and the like, who as socialist reformers believed that man can tinker with mother nature's problems and solve them. What is being offered today, by many leftists, who are sobbing for the poor farmer, solve nothing. They care not if they gain votes. Pay for surplus or pay for destruction of crops, the money must come from the U. S. Treasury. That Treasury is built by government debts and taxes. Ever increasing debt and taxes help create further inflation. The plan is one that takes more from one pocket than it puts into the other pocket. That's a shell game. That's not a permanent solution and until a permanent solution is had, we are throwing millions down the sewer without aiding the farmer or any one else. But who was it in the New Deal who said, "We will spend and spend and elect and elect," that "the American people are too 'damned dumb' to know what it is all about"? We believe that the American farmer does know what it is all about and that he realizes that he has been played for a sucker by politicians who have taken all from his right pocket and put only a part of it back into his left pocket.

It is recalled that the resentment of all of this was expressed pretty generally by the farmers who said, "Let us alone."

Alien Born Face Loss of Citizenship

An alleged ex-Communist fighting denaturalization proceedings testified in a Virginia federal court hearing recently that he would "rather die than become an informant" on his former Communist associates.

The defendant is Saul B. Horwatt, Falls Church, Va., electrical contractor, who has now admitted being a Communist in 1928 and 1929, but says he was not a Communist when he was naturalized in 1931.

Leonard Patterson, New York cab driver and for nine years active in the Young Communist League and the Communist Party, described Horwatt in court as "a professional revolutionist." He also testified Horwatt was a paid Red worker, declaring his salary came from the Jewish Workers University and the International Labor Defense.

It was revealed that the FBI had asked Horwatt to name his Red associates. This came out when the government attorney asked the defendant if he had disclosed all of his Communist activities when interviewed by the FBI and Immigration and Naturalization officers. It was also disclosed at the trial and Horwatt admitted that he "probably" told a House Committee in 1932, that he wouldn't bear arms in a war against the Soviets.

Thadeus Zygmont former writer for the Workers Tribune, testified he saw Horwatt at three Communist meetings in New York in 1931 and 1932. Zygmont said he was expelled from the Communist Party after he told friends the party was a "monster of evil." He said he was subsequently expelled from the Socialist Party and the Polish Alliance.

Alien and Hundred Pounds of Jet Plans Seized

Considerable time has been spent at the trial building up the background and aims of the Communist Party.

Deportation of Dr. Hsue-shen Tsien, one of the world's foremost rocket experts, has been effected because he allegedly was a member of the Communist Party when he entered the United States in 1936. Tsien left voluntarily while a deportation order was pending. He has been head of the Guggenheim jet propulsion center at Caltech.

Two retired members of the Los Angeles Police Department's "Red Squad" identified Tsien as a card-carrying Communist in the late 1930's. Tsien was arrested in California in 1950 as he was about to sail for China, and 1,800 pounds of confidential scientific documents which he had consigned to himself were seized.

Reds Further Extend Hold Over Lands of South East Asia.

Citizenship has been denied Mrs. Matrona Karpuk of Baltimore, who once faced deportation after two government witnesses testified they had seen her at Communist meetings. She was denied citizenship because the federal judge examining her ruled she presently had inadequate knowledge of the principles of American government. The deportation case was closed when an Appeals Board upheld the verdict of Immigration officers.

Reds Circumvent Laws

Behind the Iron Curtain, those Communists who violate the law of the dictator end up before a firing squad or in the slave labor camps of the frozen land of Siberia.

To circumvent a law of the dictator is equal to open defiance of the law in the "Workers Paradise." But Communists in foreign lands have a special dispensation, in fact they have an assignment by their Iron Curtain bosses, to do anything, legal or illegal, to advance the cause of world Communism outside Russia. Lenin once admonished all Communists, conspiring in behalf of Communism: "to be prepared to resort to every possible sort of subterfuge, trick, illegal device—at any cost, to carry on Communist activity." (Vol. 25 of *Colected Works of Lenin*, page 240).

Communists have been trained in Lenin's Institute in such tactics. They have been drilled into such ideologies and practices in the United States. One notes the various "subterfuges, tricks and illegal devices"

practiced by the American Communists, often in complicity with their foreign "comrades." They use our legal apparatus to protect themselves when caught. They use our legal apparatus to stretch the period of legal phases of their defiances of our laws. They go "illegal" (underground) only as a last resort, to continue their Communist activity.

Arrests for violation of our security laws are taken to courts, stretched out by "subterfuge," to prolong their freedom of activity in violation of our laws. Claims of freedom of speech, freedom of assembly, of free press, of rights under the Fifth and other Constitutional amendments are hidden behind so as to muddy the water, to confuse the public, to extend the time of legality in their actions.

An example of this strategy again comes to light in recent days, with advertisements appearing in the *New York Times* book section, Sunday, November sixth. Two concerns, the Imported Publications and Products Co., of New York City and the Four Continent Book Corporation, are the agencies concerned. Under postal regulations, the Post Office has been impounding foreign propaganda mailed from abroad to individual addresses in the United States. If such propaganda is mailed in the United States and not from outside the United States to mail addresses within our country, the Post Office's hands are tied.

By registering as foreign agents, under the Federal laws governing such activities, an agent or agency can establish itself legally in the United States. Foreign propaganda may be shipped to that agency from abroad and it can in return place the propaganda into our mails within our country, for our service to deliver.

Both organizations are registered as "foreign agents." Both give Moscow and other Iron Curtain organizations as principals. One is directed by Margaret Krumbien, wife of an imprisoned American Communist. The other by Fanny Levine Nadner, of New York City.

ATOMS FOR PEACE

(Continued from Page 8)

understanding, and respect for others."

Earlier, in urging renewal of our foreign aid program the President outlined "a new kind of war" for this new age:

"It is this: the dedication of the energies, the resources, and the imaginations of all peaceful nations to a new kind of war. This would be a declared total war, not upon any human enemy but upon the brute forces of poverty and need.

"The peace we seek, founded upon decent trust and cooperative effort among nations, can be fortified, not by weapons of war but by wheat and by cotton, by milk and by wool, by meat and by timber and by rice. These are words that translate into every language on earth. These are needs that challenge this world in arms. . . .

"This Government is ready to ask its people to join with all nations in devoting a substantial percentage of the savings achieved by disarmament to a fund for world aid and reconstruction. The purposes of this great work would be to help other peoples to develop the under-developed areas of the world, to stimulate profitable and fair world trade, to assist all peoples to know the blessings of productive freedom.

"The monuments of this new kind of war would be these: roads and schools, hospitals and homes, food and health.

"We are ready, in short, to dedicate our strength to serving the *needs*, rather than the *fears* of the world."

This is the road the world is groping for today—toward a new era of promise and hope surpassing the brightest dreams of the dreamers through all the ages of human history.

The seed of these visions is the atom—cosmic agent of peace.

RELIGION

(Continued from Page 14)

and most obscene manner conceivable. Every technique of villification, from condemnation to ridicule, is utilized.

Stalin's birthday at the winter solstice, December 21, (whether or not he was born on that date is not definitely known), used to be celebrated, and was designed to eclipse the birth of Christ, and serves as a substitute for the Christian holy days, carrying over from Christmas to Epiphany.

Lenin has similarly been "honored." It is reported that on Christmas Eve, 1947, photographs of Lenin as a baby were substituted for pictures of the Holy Infant, and Communist hymns replaced and supplanted Christmas carols. Christmas trams in Moscow and other centers posted warnings like this: "Religion is poison. Don't poison your children." Christmas trees are banned.

An eyewitness has described an anti-religious Christmas festival at Kursk. The procession was led by standard bearers carrying posters with blasphemous inscriptions like these: "Away with God!" "We need no God!" "God did not create man; men created God!" "Christ is a fabulous creation and has never existed." The feature of the parade was a float with a young woman defaming the Virgin Mary. In her arms was a doll, a Red Soldier fully armed, labelled "The Modern Christ Child." Around the barrel in which this woman stood were caricatures of robed Russian clergymen; and behind the wagon a carnival of dancing devils pursuing jumping saints.

On Easter, considered the highest festival of the Russian Orthodox Church, Communist officials deliberately schedule stage plays for the exact hour of worship and arrange concerts, motion pictures, carnivals, and other forms of entertainment designed to keep people away from the churches. During the Easter Season of 1947, in the Russian Zone of Germany, authorities prohibited ministers from using a prayer which had been written and circulated especially for that festival.

Thirty-eight years of intrigue, of diabolism, of satanic machinations have emanated from the insane minds of the Marxist-Leninist gang, and have cowed with fear the religious and non-Communist inhabitants of the Soviet Union and her satellites.

The more Soviet Russia expands her territories and engulfs neighboring peoples, the greater does the threat of her atheism become to the Church. Since the armistice of 1945, the modern Russian counterpart of Ghengis Khan has been sweeping like a whirlwind over Europe and Asia. Within the last decade, 18,000,000 Communists (this is the approximate figure of those who have accepted the Communist philosophy out of Russia's population of 200,000,000) have whisked an additional 600,000,000 people behind the secrecy of the Iron and Bamboo Curtains. The maw of the Russian bear has, since the summer of 1945, in its voracity consumed vast portions of Europe and Asia. And wherever Communism reigns no missionary activity sponsored by the "capitalist countries" is permitted. The native church is either "communized," which simply means that it becomes an arm of the state furthering the cause of Communism, or it is abolished.

The cry of the martyred saints, "How long, O Lord, how long," is reverberating over an uneasy world with echoes that are becoming clearer and louder as time marches on.

AMERICANS ALERT

(Continued from Page 20)

the United States because they represent an enemy government. Certainly a new exposure of the Hollywood Communists is needed in the light of this recently recognized fact. The known Communist infiltrators and any new ones discovered by competent and legally authorized investigations should be plainly labelled in the movies in which they appear or have directed, because this public identification would immediately destroy their use to Communism, protect the reputation of those connected with them by the accident of employment, and put you on guard against some item of Communist propaganda in the same movies.

Why is so much effort made to use the movies—and now TV—for major propaganda? Simply because you may question at any point what you read. What you hear, unless you hear it often enough, you half disbelieve anyway. But what you have seen with your own eyes becomes an addition to your experience, a part of you—as the *"Reel Program Of The Soviet Bosses"* by William A. Ulman explained in the June 1953 American Legion Magazine. When one important ingredient is added to this movie experience—your own emotional reaction—that experience can color the balance of your life as to the subject displayed. And any emotional reaction wanted can be implanted in you in spite of yourself. You can be whipped to anger or be made to fear. You can be unknowingly taught to ridicule or warmly to approve. And these acquired emotional responses can be transferred to any subject, to remain a part of your experience about that subject long after the specific example has been forgotten. The Communists in Russia recognize that movies are today among the most powerful "agitprop" devices available.

A prospecting picture like the questionable "documentary" "Lust for Gold," during a time of critical war-born mineral shortages, should have shown you the romance, the need and the fun of prospecting so that at least you would warmly approve the general subject. The picture has no legitimate purpose in selling you the idea, as it did, that prospectors are murderous criminals to start with and unreliable stumblebums to end with, that their enterprises are unprofitable, and that the general subject deserves nothing but ridicule and contempt. Why should falsehood be put forth under the guise of being "historically true"? If you saw this movie, you have the answer in your own implanted emotional reaction against any mining subject, long after you've forgotten what in particular "Lust for Gold" was about. If you took the movie as advertised, and started on a vacation or on an actual prospecting trip, the absurd falsehood of the picture brings you to the same implanted conclusions. The Communist like "agitprop" movie has propagandized you.

The Shame Of It All

Russia was aided by foreign scientists and technicians in its wild drive to catch up, and if possible surpass the United States and England in atomic, hydrogen, and other secret destructive implements of warfare, but it took the help of Russia's widespread espionage ring, and the traitors emplanted within the governments of Canada, England, France and the United States to lay the real groundwork for the great progress made by Russia in those fields.

On the capture of Germany and other Nazi held territories, Russia syphoned the best from the ranks of the scientists and technicians and shipped them to Russia under close guard, imprisoned them until they were conditioned to the mind that it was life by helping Russia expand its destructive weapons of war, or death after years of hard labor in slave labor camps if they refused.

This information has been made public recently by Hans Wittman, one of the top scientists who recently returned to his homeland (Germany), after years of work for the Russians as a war prisoner.

Wittman says that it was the ingenuity of the German scientists with the help of blue prints, photos and secret notes stolen from the western powers that enabled him and others to perfect Russia's A-bomb, H-bomb, radio control for pilotless planes capable of delivering atom bombs, the Mig and other new death dealing implements of war that now plague the world.

Some 50 scientists and technicians were deported from Germany to Russia, and these augmented other foreigners and Russia's own brains in the fields of science. But without the help of those traitors who formed the Canadian spy ring, the British spy ring and United States rings, the Rosenbergs, Greenglasses, Sobells, and the Bentley-Chambers ring which operated in our government, who leaked photos and secret documents to the Soviet agents, the foreign scientists could have done little.

England is just now making public the fact that two top Britishers, Donald MacLean and Guy Burgess, who escaped that country just as they were to be apprehended, were tipped off from inside the government. They had trained as Russian espionage agents and wormed themselves into the British government, secreting information, partly American, to the Russians. They are now safely behind the Iron Curtain.

Admissions by Vladimir Petrov, a former Russian agent in Great Britain and Australia, set the explosion off anew, when this year, he gave the Australian government a complete written report on the Soviet's worldwide espionage ring and activities. This implicated many Red espionage agents and activities in Great Britain and America. It also involved others in other lands.

It also develops that a British Security officer was in 1952 offered a large sum of money by an intelligence agent of Moscow to permit him to substitute a dummy bag for a bag of British diplomatic papers. The Security officer had been assigned to serve as an escort to a messenger who traveled between Moscow and Berlin with diplomatic pouches.

Another Britisher, Bruno Pontecorvo, atomic scientist, vanished behind the Iron Curtain five years ago, and is reported by returning exiles to be working in an advanced atom plant on the River Volga in Russia. The informant states that the Volga plant is the biggest of its kind in the world.

France's atomic energy labs during the early stages were headed by a top Communist who is still free, as are most of those who penetrated our own government stealing secrets for Russia while we were helping fight Russia's war against Germany, and were pouring out American blood, sweat and wealth for a victory over Russia's former friends, later enemies, Hitler and Mussolini.

Those in America who gave themselves to such treason and those who protected them while they were doing so, and those who fought Congressional Committees attempting to piece together the evidence against them, must feel ashamed of their own acts. They must now be lying awake at night over the possibility of Red destruction of our land by the death dealing weapons they helped Russia build, and by adding to Russia and Red Chinese strength by pulling the wires in their behalf in diplomatic circles.

"AMERICAN HERITAGE"

(Continued from Page 22)

doses are never large enough at one time to become emetic in which the whole pottage would be spewed forth in disgust.

Such Red conditioning undermines faith in constitutional American Government, diabolically confusing and weakening the hapless propaganda victim until his mind can no longer detect the enslavement ideology of internationalists and world-government drug addicts.

Dangerous aid is being given to the ambitious masters of world-slavery by unsuspecting adjuncts. Traditionally, the American Library Association has been custodian of the public's books in a tax-supported free library system that is, itself, one of our great American heritages. Librarians are men and women of intelligence and loyal devotion to their country along with millions of other Americans, and none among them will create a defense supporting political abuses stemming from human shortcomings among Government officeholders or citizens-at-large. Equally, there is no defense for presenting a termite's view of the United States of America, particularly by propaganda as false and misleading as that emanating from the American Heritage Project. Under what spell, then, labors the American Library Association?

Officially, American Library Association credits no one person for organizing the American Heritage Project; it merely "emerged," according to official brochure, apparently unfathered but full grown during the 75th anniversary of the American Library Association. Unofficially, an ALA spokesman credits the discussion-idea-in-libraries to a figure who, during his lifetime, was a New York librarian.

Nevertheless, primed by Ford money since 1951, the AHP has published pamphlet, discussion, and training materials, issued a newsletter, broadcast publicity over radio and television, released newspaper publicity, involved library trustees, "Friends of the Library," and other groups to assist in developing new AHP groups. The Project has doubled its staff load and in four years spent $772,757.01 (exclusive of public tax monies and library prerequisites); has established major grant areas involving entire library districts in Alabama, California, Colorado, Connecticut, Georgia, Mississippi, Missouri, New Jersey, New York, North Carolina, Vermont, Washington, and Wisconsin. Also participating are individual libraries located in many of the above States and in Arkansas, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Louisiana, Michigan, Minnesota, North Dakota (working through thirteen women's clubs in this "State where local public libraries have very little development"), Ohio, Oklahoma, Oregon, Tennessee, Texas, and West Virginia. As of September 1, 1955, the Project is changing its name and will gradually switch and be called Library Community Project. The groups that have already started under the American Heritage name are expected to continue under that alias.

Seven of the major grant areas by 1954 had severed themselves from Ford money, having, by prearrangement, affixed themselves to public tax monies via public library district funds. Montpelier, Vermont, reports the use of State appropriations during 1955-56; New York Public Library will operate within its own budget. Denver, Colorado, has dispensed with the American Heritage Project during 1955-56 while moving into a new library building.

In the vast Los Angeles County area, citizens asked county authorities to eliminate the 1955-56 budget appropriation earmarked for the Project. The county board of supervisors "froze" the amount pending investigation of the Project's leftist slant while the People's World, southern California Communist organ, raged against the protest and fund freezing as "book censoring." One expects to find the Communist line defended in Communist magazines and newspapers, but a single book irresponsibly conceived, a single statement uttered ignorantly by a person sponsored by a reputable association such as the American Library Association can do more harm than a decade of Communist ranting.

The city of Long Beach, California, trying to sidestep the issue after lending support and prestige to the Project now disowns the American Heritage Project as "one of its sponsored programs."

According to a library trustee in Florida, "The city of Miami did not go into this (AHP) because they felt that the discussion groups would be too difficult to handle without some specially trained person." Apparently, alert Floridians rejected the intrusion of communards.

Although there is more than passing similarity between the programs of the American Heritage Project and the American Heritage Council, recently exposed by Fulton Lewis, Jr., on his network broadcast, each is supported by grants from separate Ford Foundation adjuncts and work from offices at different locations. The Project (Fund for Adult Education) drifts with the American Library Association while the Council (Fund for the Republic) has struck a snag in its attempt to bore discussion groups into American Legion.

During 1953-54, the Project spent $209,070.00 upon 6,917 participants; this comes to a going rate of $30 per class member (exclusive of local tax money and free services of libraries) covering an average eight-session course, two hours each meeting, or almost $2 per hour per member. By comparison, one of the wealthiest school districts in the Nation spends less than $2 per pupil per six-hour day.

When a tax-exempt foundation fortune, amassed through the sound economics of American free enterprise, undertakes to subsidize a project advancing a philosophy inimical to the Republic of the United States of America, it is unexplainable. When, in addition to the misuse of these tax-exempt public funds, even direct tax dollars from American pockets are so appropriated, it is a misappropriation to be investigated by Congress and the guilty parties punished.

CONSTITUTIONAL EROSION

(Continued from Page 18)

pendence and freedom of the individual will be destroyed.

Unfortunately, our Constitution and the principles of our Republic, with its distrust of power, its prohibitions, its checks and counterchecks, its balances and divisions of government, are all the center of attack, not only by the adherents of the United Nations, but also by all other international utopians with their ideals of world monopoly. Uniting in this attack and onslaught on American life there is to be found the United World Federalists; the World Association of Parliamentarians for World Government; a 20-Year Plan for Achieving Peace through the United Nations; a Committee to Frame a World Constitution; and a Digest of Peace through Disarmament and Charter Revision. These zealots all are operating under concrete proposals for world organization, and their proposed charters are so prepared as to include and contemplate practically all activities of the human race.

Unfortunately for the exponents of constitutional government, these proposals for a world superstructure are encouraged and advocated by able but visionary reformers, the ultimate effect of which is the extinguishing of individual rights and restraints on government. In the United States such organizations are encouraged by the past actions of Alger Hisses, Dean Atchesons, Harry Dexter Whites, and Dr. Philip Jessups, and in their endeavors to capitalize such forums there can be found as followers an endless multitude of "fellow travelers," "do gooders," "left wingers," "socialists," "Marxists," and a limited number of religious patriots who have forgotten the tenets of religion in reaching out for the halo of political aggrandizement.

To prevent such a constitutional onslaught there has been presented a resolution to the United States Senate called the Bricker Amendment. Its purpose is to reaffirm and rededicate this government upon the principles as originally contemplated by the Declaration of Independence. Its adoption is a cardinal necessity for the perpetuation of the American Republic. As of this time it has received the sanction of the Subcommittee of the Committee on the Judiciary of the United States Senate. It stands submitted for approval before the main committee and from that point will again be presented to the Senate. Let us hope that our Senators will vote for this most important amendment and thus promote its adoption by the States as a part of the Constitution.

TURNING SEARCHLIGHT ON REDS

By Walter S. Steele

The Communists have issued new directives this month for Party action and propaganda. These include a drive to head off, if possible, the nomination of Richard Nixon for the Presidential candidacy, in the event President Eisenhower decides not to run, and to bolster Stevenson and Kefauver in their drive for the Democratic nomination.

What the Reds fear most is the nomination of Richard Nixon. It was his determined efforts as a Congressman that broke the Red conspiracy into the wide open. Hiss and others were the final victims, but the Communist suffered the consequences in that the Mundt-Nixon Bill that followed, but which finally came out of Congress as the McCarran-Walter Act, has crippled the Communists to its present weakness, that of being constantly tied up in court battles, instead of complying with the law, and taking from their financial tills to finance these cases. It has forced the Reds underground and while more dangerous, they cannot so easily contact the masses with their poison. He also swept the country in the last election by his vicious attacks on the Reds and their fellow-travelers. So the poison is aimed at Vice President Nixon.

Another issue stressed in the program is that of racial hatred using the Mississippi murder case as the chief rallying point. The Reds sent their ace propagandist down to Mississippi to gather material for the agitational drive and he on return has been trotting throughout the country arousing sentiment in great mass meetings which, also of course, brings much money into Red tills.

Politically the Reds dare not run candidates under the Communist Party label, so in many instances they are running local candidates under other party labels. They are boring into major parties and giving all-out publicity to the Americans for Democratic Action, leftwing of the Democratic Party, the Progressive Party in California and to the American Labor Party.

On the foreign front as can be expected they are agitating for Russia and Red Chinese demands, giving support to the Egyptian drive against Israel, whooping it up for the change in front of the Japanese government, now Socialist, playing on France's difficulties in Morocco and Algeria, and on the racial problems confronting Africa.

In an effort to regain some of its lost prestige, a crusade is on again bringing "respectables," such as ministers, college professors, union leaders, writers and movie personnel, back into the public light as champions against reversals witnessed by the Party leaders during the past months. So far an array of some 400 such "intellectuals" have quickly responded to the Red call. Meantime, the U. S. Security Act, the security regulations and the exercise of those by the D.J., and other departments, the immigration and deportation laws, and other such protective measures by the government are being made targets and to appear as challenges to Tom, Dick and Harry regardless of their affiliations and ideologies.

They have succeeded in reaching the ears of the Supreme Court to their disappointment, which may result in a final verdict, this being their final act in a long range propaganda drive against our government, its laws and the courts. However, it could possibly result in a verdict that would again free Reds to continue as previously to the laws they are challenging.

Visiting Russian journalists are not receiving the reception that the Russian farm delegation and builders received in the United States. In Fort Wayne a protest delegation stemmed from American Legion opposition, flanked by refugees from foreign lands who have lost relatives to the Red ruthlessness behind the Iron Curtains. In Cleveland and Detroit, pickets harassed the Red journalists. The difference between this delegation and the two previous ones is that the so-called journalists are paid propaganda agents of the Soviet government who have defended Russia's murdering, stealing and world conspiring.

The visiting farmers and expert housing constructionists were awed by American ingenuity and progress in farming and building. They can hardly make adverse propaganda of that in or out of Russia. The journalists followed so that they can say that what the others saw and speak of is all bunk, that Capitalism is decaying and only Russian Communism is building and progressing.

It may interest you readers to know that while the Reds are on the defensive insofar as law is concerned in the USA that the Daily Worker, New York organ, is in the process of raising another $55,000 and had within ten days raised over $16,000 of it, and that a west coast Communist daily, The Peoples Daily World, which is raising an even larger sum, bragged that the Los Angeles County section had raised its quota of $75,000 in the new $147,500 propaganda fund drive.

Tens of thousands of dollars are being spent by the Reds in the publication of other propaganda and agitational newspapers and magazines and in the printing and circulation of agitational propaganda pamphlets in our country. In addition some 300,000 pieces of foreign printed propaganda is clearing the mails from the Chicago post office alone each month, according to recent investigations. This makes us, the National Republic, appear as a piker. The Reds and their brethren are crusaders for the destruction of our form of government, while the non-Reds are only holding the line, that cannot be made sensational.

As further example of the Red propaganda machine, this personnel is connected with only two of the many Red propaganda organs: Roosevelt Ward, Jr., Will Parry, Adam Lapin, George Morris, Meridel Le Sueur, Joe Clark, Ben Levine, Harry Raymond, Ralph Crane, Lester Rodney, John Williamson, Emanuel Blume, John Pittman, Tom Flint, Marie Scheiner, Sam Kushner, Conrad Komrowski, Carl Hirsh, Philip Bolsover, David Platt, Virginia Gardner, Nat Ganley, Sid Resnick, Richard Henry Barnes, Walter Lowenfels, Mason Roberson, Kathleen Cronin, Pablo O'Connor, Robert Hall, Harry Williams, Max Gordon, Michael Singer and James Dolson.

In the limelight among the Communist leaders is Claude Lightfoot head of the Illinois section of the Party who is appealing his case to higher court, he having been convicted under the Smith Act. William Allan, Detroit leader of the Party, who is on trial for denaturalization and possible deportation, Sid Taylor, Robert Elkins, James Tate, Jack Goldring, Sid Resnick, on trial in Connecticut, Chas. Nusser, CP candidate for State Assembly in N. J., on a camouflage ticket; Jim Jones, Labor Youth League Labor Secretary in N. Y. C, Martha Stone, Joseph Dimow and Alfred Marder also on trial in Connecticut and Dr. Albert Blumberg, National Legislative Director of the Party.

Four thousand twenty six leftists have taken courses at the Communists' Jefferson School for Social(ist) Science in N. Y. C. during the past five years according to reports.

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